

The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIII.

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1901.

NO. 11

LOCAL NOTES.

—Mrs. Frank Yetter is visiting father and friends near Saltillo.

—Just received 1200 bushels corn ears. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—Paints, linseed oil, white lead, glass, putty, etc., at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

—Miss Laura Gillam is visiting among friends and relatives in Tyrone and Altoona.

—Mrs. George Curfman, of Meadow Gap, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. John Yetter.

—Miss Lillie Hooper, of Huntingdon, was among the Memorial Day visitors to Mapleton.

—Everett is having a mad dog scare and in consequence the dogs of that town are muzzled.

—Lost—A Wirt fountain pen. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to this office.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—A handsome porch and neat fence have been built in front of the Robley property on Main street.

—A. F. Parker and wife, of Kipple, spent a few days of the past week among Mapleton friends.

—Just received a car load shingle lath, flooring, wainscoting, doors, etc., etc. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—John M. Quarry, of Cassville, is attending the annual G. A. R. encampment at Gettysburg this week.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., sells and recommends all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—A. B. Gillam and wife entertained recently Mrs. Lizzie Evess, of Masseyburg, and Miss Nannie Myton, of Petersburg.

—A call has been issued for the Republican state convention to be held at Harrisburg, Wednesday, August 21, 1901.

—Newton Truax and two sons, of Brisbin, Clearfield county, spent a few days last week with friends and relatives in Mapleton.

—A fine line of furniture, carpets, matings and all house cleaning goods at reasonably low prices at Kimmels' store, Saltillo.

—Charles Clark and wife went to Mrs. Clark's home in Trough Creek on Sunday where the latter will make an extended visit.

—Peter Posten is having a new house built on the lot adjoining his dwelling on Main street. L. M. Dell is doing the carpenter work.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—The delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention from Presbyterian church are Miss Ada Wood, Miss Dortha Robley and Mrs. A. B. Gillam.

—The Mill Creek M. E. Sunday school will hold a festival in the basement of their church next Saturday evening, June 8th. Public patronage solicited.

—Jacob Shuman, of Cassville, has been employed as clerk in W. H. Spangler's store. Mr. Shuman has had considerable experience in the mercantile business.

—While in Everett a few days ago the editor of the ITEM was very pleasantly entertained at the cozy home of Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Dell, formerly residents of Mapleton.

—S. W. Kimmel & Sons have two saw mills and plenty of timber at Cole's Summit. Get prices on rough and dry building lumber. Address, S. W. Kimmel & Sons, Saltillo, Pa.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, gingham, plaids, etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—Among the visitors to town within the past week were H. L. Robley, wife and daughter, John Vanallman, wife and son, Miss Bertha Grove, Mr. Brown, Thomas Curry and family and W. W. Brumbaugh and family, of Altoona.

—Call at J. G. Gillam's store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are an elegant physic. They also improve the appetite, strengthen the digestion and regulate the liver and bowels. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect.

—Commencing June 1st, the former system of paying postoffice money orders was revived. In recent years money orders would be paid at any money order office, but by the new ruling they will be paid at the office on which they are drawn only. This is the old way and seems to be preferable to the authorities.

—James Simpson, a colored man from Hagerstown, Md., who is employed by C. A. Sims & Co. at the Vandevander bridge, was severely burned the fore part of last week by the explosion of a quantity of gasoline. Not recovering from his injuries as rapidly as was anticipated, he was on Saturday removed to the Altoona hospital.

—In the ITEM last week we mentioned a swindling dodge that had been worked on Rev D. F. Eshelman, pastor of the U. B. church at Mountville, Lancaster county. Since then we learn that the same game was practiced on several ministers in the Juniata valley, among the victims being Rev. Eslinger, of Newport, and Rev. Picken, of Mifflintown. We are informed that a number of other have been victimized.

—At a congregational meeting of the Presbyterian church of Mapleton held Monday evening at which Rev. W. G. Finney officiated as Moderator a unanimous call to the pastorate was extended to Rev. Harvey G. Koehler, of Shenandoah. Similar action was taken by the Mount Union congregation last Wednesday evening. The meeting of the Newton Hamilton congregation will be held this evening. It is not yet known whether or not Rev. Koehler will accept the call.

—You may as well expect to run a steam engine without water as to find an active, energetic man with a torpid liver and you may know that his liver is torpid when he does not relish his food or feels dull and languish after eating, often has headache and sometimes dizziness. A few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will restore his liver to its normal functions, renew his vitality, improve his digestion and make him feel like a new man. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at J. G. Gillam's store.

—Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin: At the Rishel furniture factory Saturday afternoon, Edward Gray, son of President E. J. Gray, of Dickinson seminary, an employe of the plant, met with a bad accident that caused him the loss of his right hand. While going for a drink of water on the machine floor he slipped and to save himself from falling threw out his hand. It landed on a buzz planer and was almost instantly chopped to pieces by the rapidly revolving knives, the bits of flesh and bone being carried up the dust flue, leaving nothing behind.

—Andrew W. Leonard, of Huntingdon, a few days ago went to Harrisburg to present his request to Superintendent Wilson Brown for retirement at the age of sixty-five years which period he will reach in a few days. Mr. Leonard entered the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad fifty years ago as a cart driver at Thompsontown. He was soon made an assistant at a wood station and filled some other minor positions before entering the train service. In 1861—forty years ago—he was promoted to engineer. For thirty-five years he has been an engineer of local freight and for the past seventeen years engineer of the local freight between Huntingdon and Altoona. In all this long service he had no accidents, never lost a day to fish or hunt and was never late in the morning but once. Mr. Leonard has been one of the company's most faithful servants and retires with the satisfaction of knowing there has never been a mark against him. We hope he may live many years to enjoy his well-earned vacation.

—For wet days the month of May just ended made for itself a record, there being twenty-two days of the month in which rain fell.

—Mr. W. S. Whedon, Cashier of the First National Bank of Winterset, Iowa, in a recent letter gives some experience with a carpenter in his employ, that will be of some value to other mechanics. He says: "I had a carpenter working for me who was obliged to stop work for several days on account of being troubled with diarrhoea. I mentioned to him that I had been similarly troubled and that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy had cured me. He bought a bottle of it from the druggist here and informed me that one dose cured him, and he is again at his work." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—A party of about thirty ladies and gentlemen from Mount Union, all of whom are prominent in the social and business affairs of our neighboring town, came up to Mapleton last evening to inspect the cave. In the party was Hon. Frank Adams, member of the Colorado state senate, who is visiting his parents in Mount Union. The only incident to mar the pleasure of the visitors was a fall received by Miss Dora Bigley by which an incision was cut in her head. Dr. Spangler stitched the wound and he informs us it was not serious. The visitors returned home on Philadelphia express.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Crawford, of near Frizellesburg, Md., who died recently at the age of 90 years, had the unique record of having seen less of the world than probably any other American woman. She never saw a railroad track nor a train of cars, never entered a church nor heard the music of a band. In fact, this peculiar woman never cared to go beyond the sight of the smoke of her own chimney. Neighbors say she was very pious, and seemed to believe in contentment. Neither ill-health nor lack of means prevented her from seeing things, but she stayed at home simply to gratify a desire to have lived a singular life.

—Sharps have a new plan and are working it in some parts of this state. They first examine the court records in order to get the names of parties against whom actions are pending and from the paper on file gain a pretty thorough knowledge of the case. Then they drive to the home of the victim and claim that they are attorneys authorized to compromise the case for a certain sum. As the amount appears reasonable the parties in many cases put up the money. In view of this new fake attorneys who visit parties upon bona fide business had better take along their credentials or they may be met by a bulldog or a shotgun.

—The new school board met Monday evening for organization. A. M. Dell, M. L. Rex and William O'Connor, the newly elected members, having qualified the board was organized by the election of the following officers: A. M. Dell, president; A. M. Parker, secretary; A. W. Swope, treasurer. A six-mill tax was laid for school purposes. It was decided to have a seven-month school term, commencing Monday, September 2nd. The wages of No. 1 school was fixed at thirty-two dollars per month; No. 2, thirty-two dollars, and No. 3, thirty-five dollars. The question of wages for principal was postponed for the present. Miss Frances Isenberg, of Mill Creek, was unanimously elected teacher of Number 1 school. Consideration of applications for the other schools was postponed.

Didn't Marry for Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at W. H. Spangler's store.

Memorial Day.

Memorial Day in Mapleton was properly observed but the observance was not as general as in previous years. Owing to the fact that rain had fallen almost continuously during the previous week and up until the morning of the day it had been deemed advisable to do the decorating of the graves by detail and hold the service in the evening in one of the churches. But the children of the town, who always manifest a deep interest in the service of this day and who furnish the flowers for the graves of the departed heroes put a veto upon this arrangement. At the appointed time they gathered at their respective churches in goodly numbers and insisted upon their right to march to the cemetery. Their protest was respected and the procession formed in the manner outlined in the programme and proceeded to the U. B. cemetery where the service was held. Owing to the dampness of the ground the speaking was dispensed with. The impressive service of the Grand Army ritual was rendered by some of the surviving veterans, assisted by members of Washington Camp, No. 59, P. O. S. of A. The interest manifested, notwithstanding the inclement weather, may be taken as an indication that the memory of those who engaged in the conflict for the preservation of the Union will be cherished.

In the afternoon one hundred and fifty persons from this place went to Mount Union to witness the unveiling of the monument to Rev. D. H. Campbell, D. D. We have not received any particulars concerning this ceremony.

The Juvenile Court.

By the signature of Governor Stone the juvenile court bill introduced by Senator Grady at the request of humane persons became a law last week. It establishes separate courts for dealing with the cases of children under 16 years of age, in a gentler method than heretofore provided. Large discretionary powers are given the judges under this act and they are authorized to dispose of cases without a jury unless a trial by jury is especially demanded. Juvenile offenders can be committed to any suitable institution where they will be under supervision.

No child under 12 years of age shall be sent to a state reformatory or house of refuge, and none under 14 years of age shall be committed by a magistrate to a jail or police station. A board of visitation, composed of six or more persons, shall be appointed in each county, to serve without compensation, whose duty it shall be to visit the institutions to which children are committed. Children whose home associations are bad, or who are neglected on the streets, may be taken in charge by the new court.

Hereafter any child under fourteen years of age, who is unable to furnish bail, may be committed to the care of the sheriff, or police officer, who shall keep the child in some suitable place outside of a jail or police station. When any child is sentenced to confinement, it is unlawful to confine him in the same place with adult convicts. A child charged with a misdemeanor and taken before a magistrate must be transferred to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

Marriage Licenses.

Charles Hower, Lockport, Juniata county, and Annie Mary Reader, Blair's Mills.

W. H. Ranck and Mary V. Laidig, both of Hustontown, Pa.

Maple Shoup, McNeal, and Galena B. Smith, Nossville.

Thomas M. Magee, Shade Gap, and Ella Detwiler, Grafton.

Albert P. Kerr, Harrison township, Bedford county, and Martha A. Richey, Everett, Pa.

"The doctors told me my cough was incurable. One Minute Cough Cure made me a well man." Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.—Because you've not found relief from a stubborn cough, don't despair. One Minute Cough Cure has cured thousands and it will cure you. Safe and sure. W. H. Spangler.

From Keyser, W. Va.

EDITOR MAPLETON ITEM:—I submit to the columns of my much treasured home paper a short descriptive letter of this place. Keyser, the county seat of Mineral county, numbers about 4,500 inhabitants, has a high school, numbers nine grades. We closed past term with a class of twelve graduates. Keyser has five churches and a number of good stores, two railroads and altogether, including courts and prison, is quite a hustling place. It is a pretty town and beautifully located at the base, or rather among the foot hills, of the Allegheny mountain, on the banks of the Potomac, which is the dividing line between Maryland and West Virginia. The eastern part of the city lies on the Maryland side and is called McCool, in honor of Col. McCool, whose widow still lives and owns a fine mansion here. This place is famous as an old battle ground, Spring street on which I live is now open to the top of Fort Hill in anticipation of a preparatory state school. Fort Hill will ever be remembered by some of our Mapleton heroes of the early sixties. Here our boys in blue threw up their entrenchment, planted their cannons, and a little further, pitched their tents. You can yet see plainly the little square where the tents were; can see where the cannons were and the trench is, I suppose deep as ever. On this spot the building will stand. Fifteen acres have been donated, ten for the park and five for the school buildings. A little farther south where our cavalry located and the old mill still stands, which they used as a hospital, but the walls are giving way and it will ere long be a thing of the past. The surrounding scenery of Keyser is not surpassed in grandeur. Five miles to the northeast is an imposing promontory, a lookout mountain three sided like an Egyptian pyramid. From my porch I can see two sides. One is cultivated almost to the top, the other green with verdure. Just across the river and facing West Virginia depot is Tween's Point. This is four columns of rocks rising to a great height, and covered with rocks, earth and grass. A ravine divides the rocks, two on either side. Tourists and picnic parties frequent this spot from which you have a fine view. There is two ways of ascent, one rather easy, the other rugged and steep up through the ravine, the one I prefer. I like a good exhilarating climb. To the southeast is a round knob, hill or small mountain, towering up like a huge mole hill. On the river bank is Lover's Leap of which I enclose you a Photo. On the extreme top you see what looks like a lady ready to leap in the water below. It is formed by rock and shrubbery. An old legion says an Indian maid and her lover made this fearful leap, hence it is called "Lover's Leap." A. G. W.

Saves Two from Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed by W. H. Spangler. Trial bottles free.

Little Willie—Say, pa, is it true that every rule has its exception?

Pa—I believe it is, my son.

Little Willie—Then it isn't really necessary for a man to be present when he is shaving himself, is it, pa?—Chicago News.

A Sprained Ankle Quickly Cured

"At one time I suffered from a severe sprain of the ankle," says Geo. E. Cary, editor of the Guide, Washington, Va. "After using several well recommended medicines without success, I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and am pleased to say that relief came as soon as I began its use and a complete cure speedily followed." Sold by J. G. Gillam.



Hats That Parisian Women Are Wearing.

Paris women of fashion are ordering for summer wear hats that are Amazon in shape, and worn low over the forehead. They have a bunch of feathers or flowers in front, sticking up straight; and they come down over the "chignon" in the back. Often there are little streamers or lace ends in the back.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Fashions for Girls.

Point lace, which is especially associated with bridal occasions, is the favorite trimming for the wedding gown, but all varieties of lace are fashionable. Some of the finer deep nets with lace border are used for flounced skirts. With these the waist usually is trimmed with a bolero of the figured lace and a front of the plain net. The long points of the jacket hang down over the skirt, but at the back the waist is all in one piece. A Cluny lace gown just completed is made with the body of the gown of lousine, and a wide flounce of the Cluny. The waist is of the lace, made with a square yoke effect.—Harper's Bazar.

How Ella Wheeler Wilcox Looks.

The first thing a stranger notices about Ella Wheeler Wilcox is her eyes. They have the coloring of a yellow brown topaz, and the tone is repeated again in her hair. She has a very expressive face and expressive hands. While you watch her talk it impresses you that if she had not become a successful poet she might have been an equally successful actress. She has a melodious voice, and a youthful, graceful figure.

The gowns she wears are of a different style from anything you find in a fashion magazine. Ten years ago she adopted certain styles which were becoming and comfortable, and ever since her gowns have been something like an idealized Empire dress.—Good Housekeeping.

Farm Life for Women.

It has been said that young farmers would not be so anxious to come to the city if it were not for the excessive distaste of young women in the country to settle down to the drudgery of woman's work on the farm. Efforts are being made in several states to counteract this objection by making farm life more agreeable.

Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, preceptress of the school of agriculture of Minnesota university, herself a practical woman farmer, says:

"The farm home is the ideal home, and the thought of our school is always to educate the girl for the life she will have to live. We give our girls special work adapted to women in the home. Butter making is not drudgery to the girl who understands the why of it, and sewing is rapidly ceasing to be a lost art now that the girls see that patterns are comprehensible things and not Chinese puzzles."—New York Tribune.

Dotted Muslins.

Dotted muslins among the smart fabrics for summer wear and are to be had in all colors, as well as white and black. The polka dot, extremely small, is the favorite pattern, in back on the light colors and white on the dark. There are also embroidered designs interspersed with polka dots which are most effective and expensive. Lace insertion and edging is the favorite trimming—anything else looks too heavy—and often the beauty of the gown consists in having the insertion put in to form some intricate design. A white muslin, with polka dots, has the skirt made with circular flounce, headed with a band of black lace insertion. The waist has black lace entre deux in bias lines, and the front is of plaited white chiffon. Another gown of the same material is in black and white polka dots, and the lace is white, put on in scallops all over the entire skirt, which is circular in shape. On the front of the waist the same pattern is repeated. Another is of dark blue muslin, with lines of white and small embroidered flowers. This gown has no lace insertion, but there are three gathered flounces, each trimmed with narrow valenciennes lace. The waist has a fichu trimmed with lace, and elbow sleeves finished with lace edged ruffles. Real valenciennes is decidedly an extravagance in such a costume, but this being an age of extravagance the real is used instead of the imitation on almost all the new costumes.

Strange Careers for Women.

Women bread winners have chosen strange careers for themselves in various parts of the earth. Their example may inspire others, if not to adopt like professions, to act upon the principle which guided them to choose the one thing they could do that was near at hand. For example, in Geor-

gia a woman not only personally delivers mail over a 40-mile route, riding over the scantily settled region of Montgomery county thrice weekly during the year, but manages a large farm as well, doing much of the manual labor, such as plowing, harrowing, sowing and harvesting, and supporting by her energy and courage a family of four. Not 20 miles from Savannah there resides a widow, who has for the last 10 years made more than a comfortable income as a government contractor, bidding for the removal of wrecks, anchoring of buoys, building of jetties, and dredging. Few people riding over the New London Northern railway are aware that the company employs the only woman train dispatcher in the world. Her responsibility is great, her hours from 7 in the morning to 9 in the evening, her duties a continual nervous and mental strain. Quite recently the directors of the road complimented her upon her efficient service, and it is a pleasure to add she receives the same compensation paid the men occupying similar positions. A Virginia girl has made a widespread reputation as well as a good bank account, as a trainer of saddle horses.

Dangers of Over-exercise.

The busy woman needs to conserve her nervous force, and to increase it by every possible means. If her health is excellent she will be greatly profited by moderate exercise, but she will find it greatly to her advantage to take this at first in small and divided doses, only increasing the amount after days of moderation and rest. If, on the contrary, her winter's work leaves her not ill, but exhausted, tired out, complete rest for one or two weeks, taken out of doors is frequently the best prescription that can be given.

The amount and duration of this rest cannot be absolutely specified here, as it must depend upon individual needs. In general, at least a week of lying around will be found very profitable, in which short drives may be taken and a 10-minute easy walk in the cool of the day. Many will improve best by adding a second week of out door rest to the first, and interspersing the hours in the hammock with a short ride on a wheel, not exceeding 20 minutes at first, or a couple of holes on the golf course, or some equally temperate method of easy exercise. Whether this second week needs to be one of complete rest or not, must be for each woman a personal question; if she will decide it upon personal grounds—taking her own measure rationally, and not that of some athlete or other wholly vigorous person as her standard, and abide by this, she will gain more actual refreshment and energy from her often all-too-short vacation than her former conscientious routine of so many miles a day has ever brought to her. One needs to be acclimatized, as it were, to a vacation, to change of diet as well as to the change of air, to the lack of absorbing occupation and the general disturbance of daily habit, before making prolonged physical exertion. Some of the signs that exercise is beneficial are an improved appetite and digestion, restful sleep, and a gradually increasing sense of vigor and well being. The fatigue that lasts over night (except in the case of a new form of exercise) is a sign of over exertion.—Harper's Bazar.



Hats of point d'esprit are among the prettiest light hats for children.

Dainty little corset covers are of dimity, with small figures in delicate blue and pink upon them.

The buckles on ties are losing their plainness, and instead of the round metal harness buckle, show a cutting in squares, which is a very considerable improvement.

Bands of point d'esprit set into fine muslin gowns make one of the prettiest of trimmings. There is an edge of it usually on the flounce with which the skirt is finished.

Golf belts are of leather, with leather buckles and sometimes studded with nails. Ooze leather belts are very stylish and are shaped somewhat wider at the back than in front.

One can use one's belt clasps now for hats if one has a taste that way. These buckles, or rather clasps, are to be seen on some of the hats in the sailor styles holding the band of ribbon or velvet at the side.

The new sweater for golfing is cut low in the neck like the golf vest and is lapelless. The pattern is a striped one in brilliant red or green and the buttons down the front are of gold, ornamented with crossed golf sticks of green enamel.

There is no end to the variety to be seen in sashes. They come in watered silk with painted flowers; in satin with raised velvet flowers; in white silk with a fancy weave; with no other ornament than the fringe, with which most of the shashes are finished, and there are colored ribbons in fancy weaves, the material in stripes, some lengthwise and some across.



Modish Table Linen.

In table linen plain satin damask with a striped border is very popular, and so are watered effects.

Outdoor Pantries.

People with plenty of ground space, yet constricted to homes, may profitably take a leaf from the book of south country household economy. It is common there for country folk to have a sort of outdoor fresh ad closet, a small detached structure set in the shadiest place possible, standing upon four tall legs, with a flat shingle roof of barely enough pitch to shed rain. The floor is at least four feet from the ground, and the whole structure only big enough to reach well across. There are shelves all around and the weatherboarding up next the roof is full of auger holes. The edoor fits tight, and fastens with a lock. Around each of the four legs is commonly a tar bandage applied six inches above the ground. This traps venturesome ants, spiders and their kindred. The structure is whitewashed inside and out twice a year. In hot weather floor and shelves are washed every morning and scoured twice a week.—New York Sun.

Washing Delicate Fabrics.

Many shades of blue seem to be particularly liable to fade. There is, however, a preventive of this, which is said to be equally good for all shades of blue, from the delicate pale eau de nil to the shade known as butcher's blue and indigo, though the latter color requires no special treatment unless in the case of a lawn or muslin, when one may prefer to be on the safe side. An ounce of sugar of lead dissolved in a pail of water will fix the blue permanently if the material be soaked in the solution for two hours. It must be dried then, before being washed and ironed.

For delicate colored muslins and lawns some people prefer not to use soap at all, but if soap is used it should be of a nice quality, and made into soap jelly. Wheat bran is the substitute. Boil about two quarts in soft water, let it cool and strain the liquor, which may be used in the place of soap jelly. It removes the dirt, keeping the color at the same time; the clothes need only one rinsing water, and unless the dress is wanted very stiff, starching is also unnecessary. The water should be as cool as possible, as heat has always a fading effect for delicate tints.

Buff, gray or khaki colored linen is sometimes difficult to wash nicely on account of its tendency to spot and also to fade. A tablespoonful of black pepper added to the first water in which they are washed will obviate this difficulty, keeping them both from spotting and fading. They should be washed in cold water; the pepper will aid in softening the water, somewhat as soda would do, though of course with less effect. Hard water is always bad for washing anything, even though softened by boiling. When any material with a buff or gray background had faded in the wash it may be wet and dried several times and bleached in strong sunlight until it becomes white.—Ledger Monthly.



Boiled Custard Sauce—The yolk of two eggs, one cupful of milk, two teaspoonfuls of vanilla. Beat the yolks and sugar to a cream, pour over them the scalded milk, return to the fire to cook the eggs, but let it only slightly thicken. Remove, add the flavoring and beat with a wire whip; make it light and foamy.

Baked Beefsteak—Put some butter in a dripping pan, set in the stove to melt. Grind the beefsteak, rub both sides with flour; put in the pan and bake in a hot oven 15 or 20 minutes. In about 10 minutes salt, pepper and turn it. It is very nice and very easily done, and generally makes a nice brown gravy, too.

Pink Rabbit—To every egg allow one tablespoonful of stewed tomatoes; beat together and season. Melt a small piece of butter in a chafing dish or spider; pour in the mixture and stir as for scrambled eggs. When set, heap on squares of buttered toast. It is a very nice way to cook eggs for a change if one likes tomatoes.

Eggs and Endive Salad—Arrange a head of well washed and dried endive on a salad dish with the blanched leaves in the centre. Dispose about the blanched heart four hard boiled eggs cut lengthwise in quarters. Mix half a teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of paprika and six tablespoonfuls of oil. Stir in gradually three tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Pour over the endive and egg. Toss together and serve.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Mrs. McKinley, still very ill, and the President arrived at the White House. A sample plate of Krupp armor made for the American Navy failed to stand the official test.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Michler, military secretary to Lieutenant-General Miles at Army Headquarters, is dead. He was a victim of Bright's disease.

Hiram Price, eighty-seven years old, who served many years in Congress as a Republican Representative, died in Washington of heart trouble.

Captain Newton T. Hall, of the Marine Corps, accused of cowardice at the siege of Pekin, was acquitted by the court of inquiry, which traced the charges to feminine influence.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Memorial Day was observed at Manila as a holiday.

The Governing Board of Manila will consist of an army officer, a Filipino and an American civilian.

Onderdonk, McClellan and Dady bid over \$13,000,000 for a contract to construct military works at Havana, Cuba.

Commissary-Sergeant Henry Wilson was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in Bilibid Prison for stealing supplies at Manila.

Rear-Admiral Kempff assumed personal command of the division of American naval vessels in Chinese waters.

DOMESTIC.

Forty-eight boxes of dynamite exploded on a freight train near Everett, Wash., injuring only one man.

Cecilio Blanco, five years old, at San Francisco, Cal., was blinded with lime by four other boys, who robbed him of five cents with which he had been sent to make a purchase.

Dr. D. C. Thomas, former President of Adrian College, dropped dead at the railroad depot at Adrian, Mich., from apoplexy.

Cleal Cline, aged ten, son of Alfred C. Cline, at Cumberland, Md., shot and killed his younger sister while at play.

A mob hanged Frank Reeves a negro, in Butler County, Ala., for an attack on Miss Ada McMillin.

The washing of cancelled documentary stamps was charged against Walter I. Knowles, of New Bedford, Mass.

The ship John McDonald, 245 days out from Baltimore, Md., to San Francisco, Cal., was given up as lost.

Dr. T. A. Bowling, a wealthy citizen, of Hammondsville, Ky., was killed by a valuable Southdown ram while he was looking over his sheep in pasture.

The Hall of Fame, made possible through Miss Helen Gould's gift of \$100,000, was opened with appropriate ceremony at New York City.

General John C. Underwood, of Covington, Ky., was re-elected superintendent and secretary of the Confederate Memorial Association.

The branch of the Mechanics' Banking Company, at Bradner, Ohio, was robbed of \$4000. The robbers escaped.

The estate of the late General Harrison amounted to \$176,525.62 personal property, while his Indianapolis realty footed up \$184,500.

While standing in the pulpit of the Methodist Church at Sycamore, Ind., Aggie Long, fourteen years old, killed herself by shooting.

The loss of Mrs. Augusta Lewin's cheek bone at Rochester, N. Y., cost the Lehigh Valley Railroad \$10,000 after a jury trial.

It cost \$6,000,000 in abandoned machinery to change the motive power of the Metropolitan Street Railway lines at New York City to electricity.

Forty-five students of the Columbus (Ind.) High School were arrested for street rioting after graduation.

An oil gusher was struck at a depth of 1128 feet on Terrebonne plantation, near the town of Houma, La.

Chief of Police Matt Willard, of Flovilla, Ga., was shot and dangerously wounded by Josh Walton, colored, whom he was trying to arrest.

Lieutenant-Governor M. F. Allen, Vice-President of the Farmers' National Bank, of Vergennes, Vt., and J. W. Ketchum, a representative to the Legislature, were arrested charged with complicity with Cashier Lewis in wrecking the bank.

Governor McSweeney, of South Carolina, is one of nine candidates for the seats of Tillman and McLaurin in the United States Senate.

FOREIGN.

A murder in Whitechapel, London, similar in its circumstances to those of "Jack the Ripper," caused alarm in the district.

Bank notes to the value of \$250,000 were stolen from the branch at Singapore of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank.

Differences between Spain and Argentina were settled, and a commercial treaty between the countries will be signed.

The Russian Council of Ministers rejected the proposal for conscription in Finland made by M. Kuropatkin, the Russian Minister of War.

In York, England, Mrs. Simson drowned her three children in a wash tub.

Spain is to establish three army corps capable of resisting any invasion without recourse to extraordinary expenditures.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York reached Sydney, N. S. W., on the Ophir. Thousands of people welcomed the Duke and Duchess on their landing.

An Anti-Grasshopper Fungus.

It is not only beneficial insects, however, which are being imported, but diseases of injurious insects, says L. O. Howard, in Everybody's Magazine. In South Africa the colonists suffer severely from swarms of migratory grasshoppers which fly from the north and destroy their crops. They have discovered out there a fungus disease which under favorable conditions kills off the grasshoppers in enormous numbers. At the Bacteriological Institute in Grahamstown, Natal, they have cultivated this fungus in culture tubes, and have carried it successfully throughout the whole year; and they have used it practically by distributing these culture tubes wherever swarms of grasshoppers settle and lay their eggs. The disease, once started in an army of young grasshoppers, soon reduces them to harmless numbers. The United States Government last year secured culture tubes of this disease, and experiments carried on in Colorado and in Mississippi show that the vitality of the fungus had not been destroyed by its long ocean voyage, and many grasshoppers were killed by its spread. During the past winter other cultures were brought over from Cape Colony, and the fungus is being propagated in the Department of Agriculture for distribution during the coming summer in parts of the country where grasshoppers may prove to be destructively abundant.

Exploded Beliefs.

Our large dealers in raw furs do not think enough of mole skins to give them a place on their price lists, yet farmers continue to send them to market. The strange little burrowers are plentiful in many parts of the country, but a pelt fetches only about as much as that of a rabbit, which is well sold at a cent and a half. Probably three-fourths of the inhabitants of the world cling to the belief that the mole has no eyes. We all grow up with that notion. But it has two of the smallest, cutest, blackest little beads of optics that ever were, which can be retracted and exerted at will. Blind worms are no more blind than moles are. They have very quick and brilliant eyes. I am told that there are no eyeless fishes in the Mammoth Cave.—Victor Smith, in New York Press.

Talented Blind Editor.

At Lafayette, Ind., lives a newspaper man who is almost totally blind. He reports Council meetings, lectures, sermons, debates in which half a dozen men take part, local incidents that are mentioned to him; interviews any number of people, getting names and dates and never takes a note. When he has gathered all his data, he goes to the composing room and sits down by the linotype operator and dictates just as you would to a stenographer. He will keep that man busy from 8 in the evening until 2 in the morning. He has never been known to make a mistake in name or date, nor credit remarks to one Councilman which had been uttered by another, no matter how warm and confusing the debate might have been.

Will Bring Results.

What experienced business men regard as a good advertisement is one which tells in a clear, straightforward and common sense way about articles that people want. Such an advertisement if put in a newspaper which has a large and steady circulation throughout the community will always bring satisfactory results.—Philadelphia Record.

The little Grand Duchess Olga of Russia is the richest baby in the world. The week she was born \$5,000,000 was invested for her.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

One of the peculiarities of the Boers is that nobody has ever been able to count them.

The diamond is a bit of charcoal cooked carefully under terrific heat and pressure.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and In-growing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Italians call locusts "little horses," and the German term for these pests is "hay horses."

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

The first Lombardy poplar in America was planted in 1785.

FITTS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The largest sponge ever found came from the Mediterranean. It was over three feet across and ten feet in circumference.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

In the Republic of Mexico there are spoken the languages of eleven Indian tribes.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The entire Hebrew Bible was printed in 1488.

DOWIE SAYS HE IS ELIJAH

Tells a Chicago Audience He Has Come to Preach Theocracy.

Declares He Will Never Rest Until All Other Forms of Government Have Been Driven From the Earth.

Chicago.—"I am Elijah, the prophet, who appeared first as Elijah himself, second as John the Baptist, and who now comes in me, the restorer of all things. Elijah was a prophet, John was a preacher, but I combine in myself the attributes of prophet, priest and ruler over men. Gaze on me, then; I say it fearlessly. Make the most of it, you wretches in ecclesiastical garb. I am he that is the living physical and spiritual embodiment of Elijah, and my commission to earth a third time has been prophesied by Malachi, by God Himself, by His Son Jesus, by Peter and 3000 years ago by Moses. All who believe me to be in very truth all of this will stand up."

And over 3000 people rose to their feet and greeted the declaration with cheers and handclapping.

John Alexander Dowie, true to his promises, made this statement from the platform of the Auditorium in the presence of 5000 people. It was the culmination of a frenzied speech, in which he denounced everybody and everything not in Zion, cursed the Pope and the Roman Catholic Church, spat literally at Masonry, the newspapers and the bankers of Chicago, and raged and tore up and down the stage like a mad man.

"Understand well what I mean," he continued. "I will take no counsel in my methods of government. I have come to proclaim theocracy, pure and simple, the government of God, by God, and for God, and I will never rest till all other forms of government have been driven from the earth."

"You talk about your Democracy. Bah! I tell you Democracy has been tried in the balance and has failed. The government of the people, by the people and for the people is twaddle. I stand loyal to the flag and countenance no revolution, but I demand here and now that the name of God must be placed foremost in the Constitution of the United States and the supreme authority of God over all things must be recognized."

"Listen to the first message of the prophet," he demanded. "You must pay your tithes and offerings into the storehouse of God. Accursed be ye if ye would seek to rob His house of its fullness by not obeying this, His will, sent through Elijah."

ITALIAN PRINCESS BORN.

Queen Helena Congratulated on the Birth of Her Daughter.

Rome, Italy.—A daughter has been born to Queen Helena. Both mother and infant are doing well. The Princess will be named Yolanda Margherita.

Amid general congratulations, there is considerable disappointment at the



infant's sex, though the King is understood to have expressed contentment. Salutes were fired throughout Italy.

The King and Queen of Italy have been married for more than four years, and the daughter just born is their first child. The disappointment of King Victor Emmanuel over the sex of the infant is doubtless equalled by the satisfaction of his cousin, the Duke of Aosta, and the Duchess, formerly Princess Helene of Orleans, whose young son is still heir presumptive to the Italian throne.

MRS. SHELTON'S SERVANT QUILTS

The Minister's Ideas of Rights of Girls Do Not Apply in His Home.

Topeka, Kan.—Because the wife of the Rev. C. M. Sheldon would not permit a servant girl to dine with the family, the girl left the Sheldon home, not, however, until she had reminded Mrs. Sheldon that her husband recently, in discussing publicly the servant girl problem, had insisted that the servant girl should have equal privileges with the family.

Mrs. Sheldon told the girl that she was not responsible for her husband's opinion.

Rejects Resignations of Senators.

Governor McSweeney, of South Carolina, has rejected the resignations of Senators Tillman and McLaurin to give them time to consider their action.

Possibilities of Wytopitlock.

If there is one Indian name among the thousands in use in Maine which has been misspelled more than another it is that by which the village of Wytopitlock is called. The name has been cut in pieces, abridged, hacked down and quartered, and although it is spelled exactly as it is pronounced the name has come to be a terror for people not proficient in Indian lore.

The postmaster there has been interested to notice the different ways of spelling, and although the amount of mail received there is not great he has already made a formidable collection. Here are a few choice ones from the lot:

Whitlock, Winter Pitlock, Widow Pa jlock, Witter Petlock, Witter Pelog, Whytlock, Wytlock, Witter Plotlock, Wylapittlock, Wytliolock, Witeopitlock, Wytipelock, Paytolock, Pwytopitlock, Antypotitlock, Flytopitlock, Wyttopillis, Wytte Pedlock, White Oak Padlock, Wyttoporelock, Wtipidlock, Westapitlock, Whetlock, Wyttopillock, Mitaplock, Wadopitlocks, Peadlock, Weetopedlock.—New York Sun.

He Will Use Kites.

Among the adventurous explorers now planning an expedition in search of the hard-to-reach North Pole is Captain Bernier, of Quebec, who will take with him strong kites fitted with cameras, by which, even if he fails to get near the pole, he purposes to take photographs of such points as he cannot reach. The success that has attended the use of the camera by the aid of kites at great heights leads him to believe that the method may be practicable in the Arctic regions.

Belfast, it is said, is the greatest tea-drinking city in the United Kingdom.

Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

WISCONSIN CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

An Effective Advertisement.

All successful business men agree that good advertising pays. Good advertising means interesting announcements placed in newspapers which reach a large proportion of the people. Probably most experienced advertisers would say that to make the merits of a single commodity the feature of an "ad" is the most direct and effective way of getting people's attention fixed on an establishment.—Philadelphia Record.



My neighbor's child was given up, the family concluded it would be useless to make further efforts to save it, but on being persuaded, they administered FREY'S VERMIFUGE, and over 100 worms were expelled. The child recovered.—CALEB HITCHCOCK, Near Zanesville, Ohio. 25 cents at Druggists, country stores or by mail. A perfect tonic for children. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

Speedy, Prompt and Sure.

Acts quicker, never gripes and obtains better results than any laxative known. Its action is marvelous, its effect immediate. No remedy will cure constipation and biliousness so quickly and with absolutely no discomfort as

Hunyadi János

Average Dose: One-half glassful on arising in the morning. Every druggist and general wholesale grocer in the world sells it.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János."

BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer: Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Lion Coffee

is not GLAZED, COATED, or otherwise treated with EGG mixtures, chemicals, glue, etc., etc.

Lion Coffee

is a Pure Coffee.



Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"IT PAYS YOU TO BUY LION COFFEE"

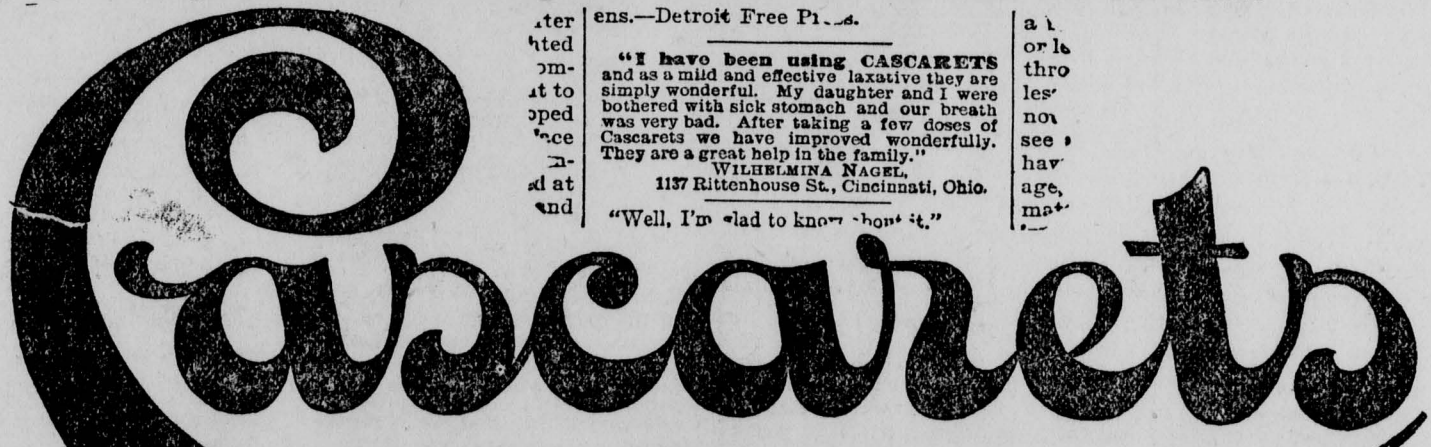
We'd like to give housewives a few reasons why It pays them to buy LION COFFEE, 'Tis a brand upon which they can always rely, And it pays them to buy LION COFFEE, 'Tis the purest and the cheapest, the wholesomest, too, It gives satisfaction the whole country through, It is NOT glazed or colored, has natural hue— And it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. There's your quantity full, and your quality right, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. There's also some other inducements in sight That pay you to buy LION COFFEE. A Lion head on every wrapper you'll find, Each package is with a big Premium List lined, Which points out nice presents of every kind— So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. You can get Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Scissors or Pins, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE, Gold Ring or Gold Watch that your praises well wins, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. Umbrellas or Pictures, or Cutlery fine, Clocks, Handkerchiefs, Belts—things in every line, In which use and ornament often combine, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. There are toys for the baby, the girl or the boy, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE, From Dolls up to Kites—each a suitable toy, So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE. There are Household Utensils for everyday use, And Pictures as pretty as Art can produce, So to lack all such goods you have no excuse, Since it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Bad Breath

Undigested, decaying food remnants, in the mouth and stomach, giving off pestiferous gases, are the cause of that awful breath, so repulsive as to cause a halt in friendship, affection, love,—any form of intimacy. Nobody can stand its overpowering stench, and it is a cause of terrible misery to those afflicted and their dear ones. There is only one way to cure it—disinfect the digestive canal with CASCARETS! Clean it out, keep it clean, let CASCARETS stimulate the lining of mouth and stomach, and put it in shape to work naturally and properly. Nothing but CASCARETS will bring about the desired result. BE SURE YOU GET THEM!



BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THIS IS



THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

ens.—Detroit Free Press.

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."

WILHELMINA NAGEL,

1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

"Well, I'm glad to know about it."

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10c.

25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Add: STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....\$1.00
SIX MONTHS......50
THREE MONTHS......25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

THREE SPRINGS.

Edward R. Lane and family, of Pogue, were recent visitors at this place.

Street Commissioner E. A. Hudson is making some needed repairs on the streets.

Mrs. Charlotte Hudson, of this place, spent a few days recently with her parents and relatives at Shade Gap.

R. M. Heck and family, of Pitcairn, Pa., were guests of his brother, W. P. Heck, of this place, on Decoration Day.

Dr. W. W. Heaton and H. T. Weaver, two of Saltillo's energetic business men, made a business trip to this place recently.

The pipe line company expect to lay one thousand feet of new pipe near here in a few days. The pipe is already on the way and work will begin soon.

Allen Cutshall and wife spent Sunday with Mr. Cutshall's parents in Springfield township. Allen enjoys a day of pleasure at the old homestead occasionally.

Owing to the strike at the Robertsdale mines, many persons who were heretofore employed in the mines are seeking employment elsewhere as the strike, apparently, is no nearer an end than when it was first declared. Both sides seem to be determined which may cause idleness at the mines all summer.

The E. B. T. R. R. Co. are making some needed improvements near the depot in this place. For a long time people who have been shipping ties and lumber from this place were obliged to pile their ties, etc., in a place where in rainy season it was most impossible for them to load it on the cars. The company are now hauling cinder from Rockhill and filling the lumber yard up level with the railroad bed, which will add greatly to the convenience of loading lumber and ties and will meet with the hearty approval of their patrons.

Decoration day was observed here by the G. A. R. and citizens. The parade was formed in front of the G. A. R. hall at 2.30 o'clock with the Sunday schools, Mount Carmel band, G. A. R., P. O. S. of A., I. O. O. F. and citizens in the order as named. They then marched to the cemetery where they decorated the graves of the fallen heroes after which an address was made by Rev. Forgeus, of Huntingdon. The speaker held the audience in close attention for about forty-five minutes with his oratory and charming manner. Every one seemed to be well pleased with the lasting results.

An excitement was created at this place on the 30th ult. by the pipe line bursting at an early hour the night previous. The air was filled with an odor of gas which aroused Dr. Bernhardt from his slumbers and caused him to make a survey of his surroundings to ascertain what was causing the gas. The plumbers were making some repairs to the furnace in the doctor's cellar and the first thought struck him was that they had left a gasoline stove lighted, but upon investigation it was found they had not and the real cause was not known until the morning of the 30th when the break in the pipe was discovered and many barrels of oil had run away. The break was only about sixty yards from the doctor's mansion and the windows being hoisted the second story was soon well fumigated and the sleeping occupants were almost stupefied for a time. By 8 o'clock A. M., the linemen were on the scene with several men and by 3 o'clock P. M. the oil was again flowing freely through the pipe. A greater excitement than the first prevailed in the evening when it was pretty generally known that on completion of the necessary repairs the oil that had spread over an area of several acres would be burned. Nearly the whole of the town gathered in front of Dr. Bernhardt's to witness the affair. About six o'clock P. M. the torch was set to the oil and in less than a minute we were permitted to look upon one of the largest

fires that we have ever witnessed in this section. If it had been after dark the sight would have been beautiful.

SHADE GAP.

We are having nice weather.

Bert Skinner, of Dry Run, was in town on Monday.

Elder Kling returned from Pittsburg on Friday last.

Newton Walters has caught the first carp of the season.

James Pyles is the owner of one of the finest colts in this county.

There has been very little corn planted as yet in this neighborhood.

Wm. Swan, of Mount Union, spent Sunday with his parents in Shade Gap. Miss Sadie Parson left on Monday for Ohio where she expects to be for some time.

Mrs. Sadie Neil, of Spring Run, is visiting her aunt, Sarah Harper, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Hudson, of Saltillo, are visiting at Mrs. Mary Jones' in this place.

Miss Ethel Jones left on Friday to visit friends in the upper end of this county.

Bruce Pyles returned on Saturday evening from Altoona somewhat improved in health.

The communion service held in the Presbyterian church last Sabbath was very largely attended.

Frank Price, of Dry Run, left on Monday for Johnstown where he has been working for some time.

Bruce Fleming, of Shade Valley, visited his brother, Dr. J. M. Fleming, of this place, over Sunday.

J. Paul Jones, who is attending Mercersburg Academy, expects to return to his home at this place.

Mrs. Dr. Hudson, of Three Springs, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Swan, of this place.

Cam. Price and David Cree, who are working for the Postal Telegraph Company, were at home on Sunday.

Persons who have registered at the Swan House during the past week: G. B. Weaver, W. A. Grimison, Huntingdon; J. N. Winter, Orstown; C. A. McCaulley, Clare McCaulley, Petersburg; Mrs. Dr. Hudson, Three Springs; T. C. Fair, York; A. P. Doran, Jas. Waters, William Mathias, Burnt Cabins; W. G. Piper, Emanuel Flood, D. M. Bealman, Shade Gap.

SALTILLO

Rev. Fred Senft and wife, of Pittsburg, are visiting friends in Saltillo.

Rev. A. C. Thompson, of Saxton, Pa., preached an able sermon in the Reformed church at this place on Sunday.

Another village has sprung up in Hare's Valley two miles north of Saltillo. Milton Park and M. S. Bowman opened a store a few weeks ago. But recently Mr. Bowman withdrew and Mr. Park is now sole proprietor and is doing a thriving business. Success to him. A few of the inhabitants of the new village met on Saturday evening, the first inst., and selected a name for the place, Knightsville, in honor of the first man known to have lived there. About one hundred years ago Mr. Knight settled there, hence Knightsville is in Cass township, in Hare's Valley.

Many of the older people of Trough Creek Valley, Smith Valley, Hare's Valley, Saltillo and Three Springs remember Prof. J. F. Austraw, who taught vocal music in this section of Huntingdon county in the years 1865 and 1866. He had flourishing classes in all the above named places and held several concerts during his stay with us. It has been decided by a few of the surviving members to hold a reunion, June 22, 1901, in the grove at the Grange hall, near Cornelius chapel. The following named members have been chosen as a committee to look after the arrangements: C. Greene, Lewistown, Pa.; Geo. W. Stever, Latta Grove, Pa.; Amon Long, Broad Top City, Pa.; M. J. Elias, Cole's, Pa.; J. G. Hoffman, Saltillo, Pa.; J. C. Shaffer, Esq., Calvin, Pa.; John D. Crotley, Esq., and John M. Drake, of Saltillo. All persons wishing further information will address the secretary of committee, John M. Drake, Saltillo, Pa. A regular old fashioned picnic will be held in connection with the reunion. All well disposed persons are invited, especially the members of the classes. Look up your old books—"The Harmonia Ecclesia."

Eczema, salt rheum, tetter, chafing, ivy poisoning and all skin troubles are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The certain cure. W. H. Spangler.

LATTA GROVE.

The farmers are not through planting corn.

M. E. Dell is hauling bark for Geo. L. Smith.

I. N. Query is spending a few days in Altoona.

M. R. Taylor is hauling his father's wheat to market.

S. D. Query is improving very much in health this summer.

Samuel Bowman is building a wagon shed for Frank Stever.

Miss Olive White, of Lewistown, is visiting among friends at Latta Grove.

J. R. Smith, of Altoona, paid his friends here a short call one day last week.

D. H. Walker and wife are on an extended visit to friends in Blair and Jefferson counties.

Samuel Wagner has moved a new boiler to his stove mill and will have it in operation this week.

David Dell and son, Alvah, have commenced chopping logs for Geo. L. Smith. He expects the saw mill soon.

Elmer Bowman found a den of foxes with seven young ones. On the same day he killed a four-foot rattlesnake that had nineteen rattles.

CALVIN.

Mrs. J. C. Pheasant visited friends in Grafton last week.

Miss Millie Bowman visited her uncle, J. G. Coder, in Huntingdon last week.

Madison Wright is beautifying his home by the erection of a new veranda.

The Calvin M. E. Sunday school will hold Children's Day exercises Sunday, June 9th, at 10 o'clock. A good programme is being prepared.

Recent visitors to our valley are Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Roland, of Juniata; Minnie and Della Hoover, of Grafton, and C. B. Robinson, of Altoona.

A full attendance of the members of W. C. No. 350, P. O. S. of A., is desired at their next regular meeting as business of importance will be transacted.

During the recent raise of the water in the creek a large carp that weighed ten and one-half pounds was captured by Samuel Steele. Another one that was larger was seen, but succeeded in making its escape.

Dyspeptics cannot be long lived because to live requires nourishment. Food is not nourishing until it is digested. A disordered stomach cannot digest food, it must have assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests all kinds of food without aid from the stomach, allowing it to rest and regain its natural functions. Its elements are exactly the same as the natural digestive fluids and it can't help but do you good. W. H. Spangler.

Proceedings of E. L. Convention.

The Epworth League convention of the Cassville charge was held in the M. E. church of Cassville, May 18, 1901. Three sessions comprised the program.

The devotional services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. N. B. Smith. Miss Rebecca Hamilton, president of the Cassville League, extended a cordial welcome to our visitors.

"How to Make the Devotional Meeting All the Name Implies," was the first question. Papers were read by Mrs. B. F. Mierley and Miss Alma Smith. The discussion was continued by Mrs. S. V. Heaton and Miss Rebecca Hamilton.

The question, "What Do We Owe Our Church and How Should We Treat Her?" was opened by Mr. P. A. Horton. Mr. Herbert Evans read a very instructive paper on the same.

Interesting papers on "The Pledge and Its Obligations" were read by Miss Mary McClain and Mrs. Jane Wilson.

The Round Table Conference, The Mission of the Epworth League, was an interesting feature of the afternoon session.

The following officers were elected by the convention: President, Rev. N. B. Smith; vice president, M. M. Taylor; secretary, J. C. Shaffer; treasurer, P. A. Horton.

"How to Promote Intelligence and Conviction Concerning Christian Missions" was carefully presented by Mrs. S. V. Heaton. Our pastor gave a short address on this subject.

Miss Bernice Houck recited "The Old Man and The Model Church."

It was unanimously decided to hold the next convention at Trough Creek.

The singing throughout the convention was heartily entered into by all. The choir rendered several selections in the evening.

The installation of the officers of the different Leagues on the charge, according to the beautiful service of the League, was very impressive just before closing. A. S.

Mr. James Brown, of Putmouth, Va., over 90 years of age, suffered for years with a bad sore on his face. Physicians could not help him. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. W. H. Spangler.

Hoax—He doesn't know enough to come in out of the rain.

Joax—Well, he always knows enough to have a borrowed umbrella.—Philadelphia Record.

A surgical operation is not necessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve saves all that expense and never fails. Beware of counterfeits. W. H. Spangler.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

(Estate of George M. Park, deceased.)

By virtue of an Alias Order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premise, on

Friday, June 14th, 1901

at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate of George M. Park, late of Cass township, deceased, to wit:

All that certain tract of land situate in the Township of Cass, County of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of John Stever, Alvah Stever, and Monroe Kean on the east; lands of Cass Township School District and Martin Forshey on the west; lands of A. J. Forshey and D. F. Crotley on the north, and land of Margaret M. Park on the south; containing 90 acres, more or less, of which 75 acres are cleared and under cultivation; having thereon a Two Story House, a Frame Bank Barn, the necessary outbuildings, and a good Fruit Orchard.

To be sold for payment of debts.

Terms of sale: 10 per cent. on day of sale; balance of one-third at confirmation of sale; one-third in one year, and one-third in two years thereafter, with interest, the deferred payments to be secured by the judgments or bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

J. H. WALKER, Administrator,
2910 Fourth Ave., Altoona, Pa.
J. F. SCHOCK, Atty.,
Huntingdon, Pa., May 21, 1901. 3t.

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON.

No. 113 Fourth St.

E. ALLEN LOVELL, President.

E. M. GREENE, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. M. Greene, R. J. Mattern,

K. A. Lovell and John White.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

W. H. SPANGLER.

\$1,000

Clearance Sale

—OF—

Farm & Garden Implements

Poultry Wire

Furniture, Carpets

Roofing Paper, Tinware

Sewing Machines

Stoves

Boys' Suits, Straw Hats

AND MANY OTHER ARTICLES

AT COST

—ooOooOoo—

In order to reduce our stock and raise money to apply to other purposes, we will sell \$1,000 worth of goods at cost.

Also, on all other General Goods will be

A Discount of 10 Per Cent.

during the Four Days of the First Week in June, beginning on Wednesday, 5th and last until Saturday, 8th, inclusive.

S. W. KIMMEL & SONS,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, ETC.,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Rough & Dry Lumber,

SALTILLO, PA.

Advertise in the ITEM.



It has won its way around the world on Real Merit.

THE SMITH
PREMIER....

marks the very highest point reached in writing machine mechanism.

It is the most durable writing machine made, and being good at every point in its superior construction does the best work for the longest time and thoroughly satisfies buyer and user.

PRINTED MATTER FREE.

The Smith Premier
Typewriter Co.

No. 23 South Eighth Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

SPRING

IS HERE

AND I have added some new goods and my prices are right.

Women's and Misses vests, 5c. up to 20c.

Men's Gauze Shirts, 25c.

Men's Gauze Drawers, 25c.

Men's Pants, 80c. up to \$1.96.

Youths' Pants, 50c. up to \$1.00;

Knee Pants, 25c. and 50c.

ALSO keep screen doors, screens for windows, oil window shades, 30c. and 35c., 7-ft. shades 50 cents.

STILL keep a full stock of Groceries, Flour and Feed, and Cured Meats. Keep a good stock of Shoes.

THANKING you for your past patronage, and if you want anything in our line, come and see us and we will treat you right.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

M. P. TRUAX,
MAPLETON, PA.

THE "ITEM"
\$1.00 per Year.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., June 5, 1901.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1901.

	P.M.	Night	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
New York...	8.00	12.15	.....	9.30	.....	.....
Philadelphia...	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.40	12.25	5.30
Washington...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore...	11.41	4.45	.....	8.37	11.45	.....

	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.45	1.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville.....	.....	8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	.....	5.34
Newport.....	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	.....	6.02
Millerstown.....	.....	9.14	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsonstown.....	.....	9.23	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.40	1.07	.....	4.57	6.38
Mifflin.....	4.30	9.45	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.....	4.52	10.08	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown.....	5.15	10.33	1.48	.....	5.42	7.30
N. Hamilton.....	5.33	10.54	2.04	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union.....	5.39	11.00	2.08	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.....	5.45	11.06	2.14	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon.....	6.03	11.25	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg.....	6.19	11.39	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham.....	6.46	12.04	3.07	h234	6.54	8.56
Tyrone.....	6.52	12.10	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.31	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	12.50	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50

Harrisburg 10.25, Marysville 10.39, Duncannon 10.51, Newport 11.12, Millerstown 11.19, Mifflin 11.44, Lewistown Junction 12.02, p. m., Huntingdon 12.58, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"i" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

	Week days	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly
		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Pittsburg.....	.....	3.00	8.00	12.45	4.50	.....
Altoona.....	4.40	7.10	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Bellwood.....	4.52	7.25	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Tyrone.....	5.04	7.43	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Birmingham.....	5.08	7.48	12.07	2.40	6.32	9.38
Petersburg.....	5.25	8.12	.....	3.03	6.56	.....
Huntingdon.....	5.37	8.25	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Mapleton.....	5.51	8.42	.....	3.35	7.24	.....
Mt. Union.....	5.56	8.48	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
N. Hamilton.....	6.01	8.53	.....	3.47	7.34	.....
McVeytown.....	6.17	9.10	1.14	4.08	7.51	.....
Lewistown Jc.....	6.33	9.30	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin.....	6.58	9.51	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.02	9.54	.....	5.00	8.34	.....
Thompsonstown.....	7.17	10.09	.....	5.18	8.48	.....
Millerstown.....	7.26	10.17	.....	5.28	8.57	.....
Newport.....	7.35	10.27	2.24	5.39	9.05	.....
Duncannon.....	8.00	10.49	2.44	6.08	9.29	.....
Marysville.....	8.13	11.02	2.56	6.26	9.43	.....
Rockville.....	8.18	11.07	.....	6.32	9.48	.....
Harrisburg.....	8.30	11.20	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 3.00, Altoona 6.25, Tyrone 6.47, Huntingdon 7.17, Lewistown Junction 8.05, Harrisburg 9.30 a. m. daily.

Additional trains are run as under:—
Leave Pittsburg 9.00 p. m. daily, Altoona 1.05 a. m., Huntingdon 1.58 a. m.; arrive Harrisburg 4.20 a. m., Philadelphia 7.17 a. m.
Leave Pittsburg 7.30 a. m. daily, Altoona 11.05 a. m., Tyrone 11.30 a. m., Huntingdon 12.03 p. m., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelphia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.08 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p. m., Washington 7.15 p. m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

"x" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. week days.

For Milroy 7.40 a. m. and 1.40 p. m. week days.

At Huntingdon.—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. week days. Bedford only 8.00 a. m. Sundays.

At Tyrone.—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. week days, and 7.20 p. m. daily.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 a. m., 12.15 and 7.15 p. m. week days. 8.10 a. m. Sundays.

For Scotia 7.50 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 26, 1900.

	NORTH.		SOUTH.
	Irreg. No. 7.	Mail No. 1.	Irreg. No. 6.
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.
5.00	12.50	6.00	11.19
5.10	1.02	6.12	11.04
5.22	1.14	6.29	10.49
5.42	1.42	6.57	10.19
5.50	1.50	7.05	10.10
6.02	2.03	7.17	9.57
6.14	2.18	7.32	9.45
	2.35	7.47	9.25
	2.44	7.57	9.16
	3.06	8.20	9.00

Irregular No. 5 leaves Robertsdale 7.43, Cook's 7.55, Cole's 8.07, Sallito 8.35, Three Springs 8.43, Pogue 8.55, arrive at Rockhill 9.10 a. m.
Saturday only, No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 3.15, Cook's 3.26, Cole's 3.38, Sallito 4.02, Three Springs 4.10, Pogue 4.22, arrive at Rockhill 4.35 p. m.
Irregular No. 8 leaves Rockhill 2.20, Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Sallito 2.51, Cole's 3.19, Cook's 3.31, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.
Saturday only, Reg. No. 8 leaves Rockhill 1.00, Pogue 1.13, Three Springs 1.25, Sallito 1.42, Cole's 2.00, Cook's 2.12, arrive at Robertsdale 2.25 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

	WEST.		EAST.
	Irreg. No. 12.	Mail No. 10.	Irreg. No. 11.
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
5.50	7.20	L Rockhill A	6.25
5.43	7.13	*Blacklog	6.32
5.35	7.05	*Cedar Rock	6.40
5.31	7.01	*Locke Valley	6.44
5.25	6.55	*Shade Gap	6.50
		Stair	
		A Goshorn L.	

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

*Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue. A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION.

The Pennsylvania Railroad 1901 Summer Excursion Route Book.

On June 1 the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will publish the 1901 edition of the Summer Excursion Route Book. This work is designed to provide the public with descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of Eastern America, with the best routes for reaching them, and the rates of fare. It contains all the principal seashore and mountain resorts of the East, and over seventeen hundred different routes or combination of routes. The book has been compiled with the greatest care, and altogether is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

The cover is handsome and striking, printed in colors, and the book contains several maps, presenting the exact routes over which tickets are sold. The book is profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery at the various resorts and along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On and after June 1 this very interesting book may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to the general office, Broad Street Station, by mail for twenty cents.

Teachers' Examinations for Huntingdon County, 1901.

	Shade Gap.	June	4
	Richvale,	"	5
	Three Springs,	"	6
	Orbisonia,	"	7
	Mt. Union,	"	8
	Maddensville,	"	13
	Rockhill,	"	14
	Shirleysburg,	"	17
	Union Church,	"	18
	Mapleton,	"	19
	Mill Creek,	"	21
	Hawn's,	"	22
	Cassville,	"	24
	Chestnut Grove,	"	25
	Broad Top City,	"	26
	Valley,	"	27
	Entrioken,	"	28
	Markiesburg,	"	29
	McConnellstown,	July	15
	Alexandria,	"	16
	Spruce Creek,	"	17
	Warriorsmark,	"	18
	Franklinville,	"	19
	Shaffersville,	"	20
	Petersburg,	"	22
	Neff's Mills,	"	23
	Manor Hill,	"	24
	Saulsburg,	"	25
	McAlevy's Fort,	"	26
	Cornpross's Mills,	"	27
	Centre Union,	"	29

Examinations will begin at 8.30 a. m. Will the secretary kindly see that the room in which the examination is to be held is open and in suitable condition for work?

Applicants from other counties will present a certificate from their own county superintendent before entering the class.

Strangers to the superintendent will present a certificate of good moral character.

S. G. RUDY, County Superintendent.

Danger, disease and death follow neglect of the bowels. Use DeWitt's Little Early Risers to regulate them and you will add years to your life and life to your years. Easy to take, never gripe. W. H. Spangler.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Louis J. Miller and wife to John W. Harshbarger, property in Huntingdon. Consideration, \$300.

Judson Rutter and wife to Joseph P. McKelvy, property in Cromwell township. Consideration, \$10.15.

David Long and wife to Lora J. Hamman, property in Shirley township. Consideration, \$180.

David Wilson, sheriff, to F. E. Lyford et al., property in Tod township. Consideration, \$80.00.

Harrison Wagner to Annie R. Woollett, property in Saltillo. Consideration, \$500.

John S. Blair et al. to The Harbison & Walker Company, property in Union township. Consideration, \$8000.

Henrietta Bell to W. T. Bell, property in Mount Union. Consideration, \$800.

W. T. Bell and wife to Jane M. Shaver, property in Mount Union. Consideration, \$550.

Milton C. Neff et al. to George Horning, property in Petersburg. Consideration, \$19.15.

Susan M. Neff et al. to George Horning, property in Petersburg. Consideration, \$44.16.

"A few months ago, food which I ate for breakfast would not remain on my stomach for half an hour. I used one bottle of your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and can now eat my breakfast and other meals with a relish and my food is thoroughly digested. Nothing equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for stomach troubles." H. S. Pitts, Arlington, Texas.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. W. H. Spangler.

"And he sends me a billion kisses," said the happy young wife, as she finished reading the missive.

"Foolish boy," commented her mother. "The idea of sending them in an unregistered letter. They might have been lost."—Philadelphia Times.

A Terrible Explosion

"Of a gasoline stove burned a lady here frightfully," writes N. E. Palmer, of Kirkman, Ia. "The best doctors couldn't heal the running sore that followed, but Lucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured her." Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Sores, Boils, Bruises, Skin Diseases and Piles. 25c at W. H. Spangler's.

Seven Years in Bed.

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction is guaranteed. W. H. Spangler. Only 50c.

REDUCED RATES TO KANSAS CITY.

Via the Pennsylvania Railroad, account Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

On account of the meeting of the Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, to be held at Kansas City, June 11 and 12, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell June 7, 8, and 9, from all stations on its line, excursion tickets to Kansas City and return at rate of one fare for the round trip plus \$2.

These tickets will be good for return passage, leaving Kansas City not earlier than June 11, nor later than June 17. For specific rates and full information apply to ticket agents.

A Good Cough Medicine.

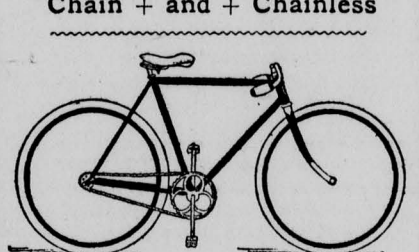
It speaks well for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy when druggists use it in their own families in preference to any other. "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the past five years with complete satisfaction to myself and customers," says Druggist J. Goldsmith, Van Etten, N. Y. "I have always used it in my own family both for ordinary coughs and colds and for the cough following la grippe, and find it very efficacious." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

BIGYGLES.

1901 Monarch Models

Sample wheels in stock, both

Chain + and + Chainless



We keep in stock everything necessary for the bike and its rider.

Wheels to Hire.

L. L. PARKER,

Mapleton Depot, - Penna.

News and Opinions

OF National Importance

The Sun

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - \$6 a year

Daily and Sunday, by mail. \$8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, \$2 a year.

Address THE SUN, New York.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Subscribe

—FOR—

"The Item."

\$1 a Year.

WM. REED & SONS

NEW THINGS TO SUPPLY SUMMER NEEDS

Are coming in daily. It's hard to keep up with them in the papers. The best thing to do is to come often to the store and see these things as they come in.

The new Shirt Waist Suits have proven most popular this season. They are well made of very pretty lawns, \$2.00 to \$3.00 each.

RIBBON VALUES
Our 25 cent 4 1/2 inch silk Taffeta Ribbons in all colors are washable. They will be much used for beltt. We've a fine line of the new Sash Pins.

UNUSUAL WASH SILKS
For waists at 40 cents and 50 cents per yard, and our 19 inch Taffeta at 50 cents are worth seeing. More New Waist Gingham have come to fill the holes made by early selling. They run from 10 cents to 40 cents per yard.

WALKING SKIRTS at a great reduction. A special drive in these popular garments means money saved. Skirts that were \$6.00 are now \$4.00. Skirts that were \$5.00 are \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.

PARASOLS.—Our line of Parasols is superb. Children's, 18 cents to \$1.25; Ladies', (all silk) \$1.00 to \$4.00. Some that were \$3.00 and \$3.50 are now \$2.00, and every one a good style.

Some heavy reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Suits. They are all new goods this season only there are a few too many, so we've made some heavy cuts in price. Some Suits that were \$18 are now \$12.50; some that were \$16 are now \$10. There are only a few, so don't delay.

Wm Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

The Best Advertisement

We Can Have Is a Well Satisfied Customer

WE have many of them—permanent patrons—but we still have room for more. RUNNING IN A RUT means selling old things to people who want new things. We keep from buying "stickers." We are constantly buying NEW GOODS—up-to-date goods. We let careless merchants handle shoddy good—goods people don't want.

We Quote a Few Prices:

Line of Cakes - - - 5c per pound
Finest Rolled Oats - - - 3 lb for 10 cents
Fancy California Prunes - - - 5c per pound
Rio Roasted Coffee - - - 14c per pound
Corn Starch - - - 3 lb for 10 cents
an ned Goods - - - 4 cans for 25c and upwards

Hats and Caps, Clothing, Wall Paper, etc. Every line full and prices lowest.

Visit us. Satisfy yourself.

J. G. GILLAM.

I admit of no superiors
—and—
Acknowledge no equals

MY MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

OF NEW STYLES

My store is filled to the uttermost with a choice line of carefully selected bargains in

Ladies', Gents', Misses' &

CUBANS' ACTION REJECTED

Administration Insists on the Platt Amendment Without Modification.

DECIDED AT CABINET MEETING

Governor-General Wood Notified That the Modifications and Interpretations of the Platt Amendment Adopted by the Convention Cannot Be Accepted—Regarded as a Perversion of the Terms.

Washington, D. C.—The action of the Cuban Convention on the Platt Amendment has proved unsatisfactory to the United States. It is so unsatisfactory that it has inspired anger among the President's advisers, and has led to the taking of a tone much less conciliatory toward the Cubans than any that has hitherto been taken. At the Cabinet meeting on Friday it was decided to reject unequivocally the action of Cuba on the Platt Amendment. Secretary Root was directed to inform General Wood of the President's decision.

The Cabinet held that the amendments and interpretations and the wealth of whereases placed by the Cuban Convention upon the Amendment amounted to a practical modification, such as was beyond the power of this Government to accept. The message of rejection sent to General Wood advises the Cubans in unqualified language that there is no power resting in the United States Government to change the terms of the Platt Amendment and that this Government insists on the acceptance of the Platt Amendment, without change or qualification.

The three main points in which the action of the Cuban Constitutional Convention is regarded as unsatisfactory relate, it is said, to coaling stations, sanitation, and intervention. The Cuban Convention took from the coaling stations paragraph of the Platt Amendment its obligatory character, and merely authorized the Cuban Government, in its judgment, to allow the United States to possess coaling or naval stations. The United States will insist on an absolute agreement to grant these coaling stations.

With respect to sanitation, the Cubans do not agree to carry out plans already devised, and in accepting the Platt Amendment modify its provisions so as to change them considerably. In the matter of intervention the objection is that the Cubans have so changed this vitally important part of the Platt Amendment as to make the right to intervene an ambiguous and doubtful matter, whereas the United States insists on a straight, unequivocal acknowledgement of its right to intervene when in its judgment intervention is necessary to assure Cuban independence or a stable government.

The patience of the Administration is exhausted and the policy of conciliation and explanation seems to have vanished. In surrounding the Platt Amendment with modifications, and in adding clauses to it, the Cubans have given much offence; but more irritation is felt over their action in endeavoring to make their interviews with Secretary Root a part of a law adopted by the American Congress.

Something of this feeling was voiced by General Grosvenor, of Ohio, after the decision of the President became known. General Grosvenor said, when asked if he thought the decision would be likely to be regarded as a surprise: "A surprise to whom? Who imagined that those fellows would be allowed to sit in Congress down there in Cuba and amend laws of the United States? We have stood all the nonsense we are going to from them. The sooner they stop this foolishness and attend to business the better it will be for them, for if Congress ever gets another shot at them, they won't get off so easily as they did before."

A significant remark was also dropped by Senator Platt, of Connecticut, who, with Senator Spooner, has been in conference with the President over the situation in Cuba. He said he hoped the newspapers would stop talking about the "acceptance" of the Platt Amendment by the Cubans. The Cubans could neither accept nor reject a law of the United States. It is the purpose of the Administration to impress upon the Cubans that the Platt Amendment is law, and that they have no power to change it. They have been regarding it hitherto as if it were a treaty. General Wood is expected to convince them that this is an error.

FOR UNIVERSAL EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

European Miners Preparing For a World-Wide Labor Movement.

London.—The International Miners' Conference voted for a universal eight-hour day. The Chairman, William Abraham, M. P., expressed the belief that Parliament would pass an eight-hour law in 1902. M. Cotte, delegate of the French miners, said if the Eight-Hour bill now before the Chamber of Deputies failed to progress rapidly enough the French miners were prepared to declare a general strike.

A resolution was carried unanimously, inviting the American miners to send delegates to future international congresses.

British Warships Fly American Flag.

As the Duke of Cornwall and York, in the royal barge, crossed the harbor at Sydney, N. S. W., to inspect the naval depot at Garden Island all the British warships were flying the United States flag out of compliment to the United States transport Glacier, which was moored in the stream.

LABOR WORLD.

Great Britain imports one-third of her food.

Italy now supplies considerably over one-third of the world's silk crop.

Sausagemakers in New York City are demanding a shorter working day.

The Irish linen industry is said to be just holding its own in the textile markets of the world.

Bollermakers at Bayonne, N. J., have struck for an increase of pay and the nine-hour work day.

The Machine and Tool Company, of Toledo, Ohio, the largest plant there, has signed the union scale.

Five unions of blast furnace workers, at Youngstown, Ohio, will be the nucleus for a national organization.

The skilled workers on the rapid transit tunnel in New York City have struck, practically stopping construction.

Bricklayers and masons at New York City have returned to work. They will receive sixty cents an hour, an advance of five cents.

The striking bricklayers, plasterers and masons at Trenton, N. J., have returned to work. They will get \$3.50 a day and work eight hours.

Owing to the depressed condition of manufacturing industries in Germany twenty-five per cent. of the workmen of the country are either idle or insufficiently employed.

President O'Connell, of the Machinists' Association, at Washington, said he would recommend a movement for a nine-hour day on all the railroads of the country, and a strike if the demand is not granted.

The different unions in the tailoring trade in New York City, Brooklyn, Brownsville and Newark have issued a notice to the manufacturers that they are preparing for a fight for the abolition of the middlemen in the clothing trades.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Sultan of Turkey banks abroad. Sir Alfred Milner will be known as Lord Milner, of Cape Town.

Governor Nash has returned to Columbus, Ohio, from his California trip.

Secretary Long likes to read a story with a good mystery and a detective in it.

Aguinaldo is expected to visit the United States next fall, and spend the winter in Washington.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease, the well-known lecturer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy at New York City.

Marshall Field has given to the Chicago Home for Incurables ten city lots adjoining the present site and buildings.

Mrs. Benjamin Harrison has presented to the Harrison public school, in Indianapolis, a portrait of the late former President.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe quietly celebrated her eighty-third birthday at Boston. Innumerable gifts and congratulatory telegrams were received.

Former Vice-President Levi P. Morton is gradually relieving himself of the cares of business, and, it is said, intends to spend most of his time abroad.

Lord Rosebery at fifty-five is more boyish in appearance than many a student in his twenties. Yet Rosebery was a student when he made up his mind to be a Premier.

Colonel Arthur Hamilton Lee, formerly military attaché at Washington, is urging larger pay for soldiers and other American improvements for the reorganization of the British Army.

Dr. John W. Hoffman, professor of agriculture in the Florida State Industrial College, is one of the most noted negro scientists in the world. He has just been elected a member of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, and also belongs to the Royal Agricultural Society of England and many similar organizations.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Tenney is playing in his '97 form. McGraw is not hitting up to his usual form.

On present form Matthewson is the star twirler of the League.

Freeman is said to be putting up a marvellous game at first for Boston.

Lajoie leads the entire American League in batting by a tremendous margin.

The attendance at Brooklyn and New York has been better so far this season than in years.

Matthewson is credited with tremendous speed and uncommonly fine control for so fast a man.

Raymer, of Chicago, is a poor fielding third baseman, but somewhat compensates by good batting.

Pitcher Wiltzie, of Pittsburgh, is said to have a balk motion that umpires have to watch continuously.

The Washington Club has signed the released New York outfielder Clarence F. Foster, better known as "Pop" Foster.

A feature of the season is the close tussle between the two Boston teams to see which can get the better percentage.

Manager Burrill, of Haverhill, has signed Mike Dorsey to play centre field in place of Flaherty, who showed up poorly.

Strang, of New York, without any furbelows whatever, has taken hold at third base and played as well as any third baseman in the National League this year.

The New York Club has declared itself to the effect that either Nick Young must step down and out as President of the League at the close of the present season or the club will get out.

BOAT SWEEP OVER A DAM

Seven of the Eight Occupants Drowned in the Schuylkill River.

REALIZED THEIR DOOM TOO LATE

Swept by the Swift Current of the River, a Philadelphia Picnic Party of Five Girls and Three Youths in a Pleasure Boat Went Over Flat Rock Dam—Only One Boy Escaped.

Philadelphia.—A rowboat containing a party of eight young persons was swept over Flat Rock Dam, in the Schuylkill River, and seven of them—five girls and two boys—were drowned. The dead are:

Florence Bond, aged seventeen years; Mary Sullivan, twenty years; Maud Rutter, nineteen years; Mary Kennedy, fifteen years; Florence Desmore, fifteen years; Bertram Osmand, nineteen years, and Leo Riker, twenty-one years.

The party was composed of members of the Elm Social Club, one of the numerous associations in this city, organized for the promotion of picnics and other social gatherings. The persons that were drowned, with a large number of others, organized a picnic. They embarked in gayly-decorated wagons early in the morning and pitched their camp at Rose Glen, along the Schuylkill River, on the northern outskirts of this city.

Following their usual custom the party split up after dinner for a row on the river. This was shortly after 5 o'clock. Boats were hired and two parties set forth for an hour's fun on the river. Heavy rains during the past week had made the muddy stream quite high, and the current was much swifter than usual, but those in one boat immediately started out for mid stream.

All the girls were huddled in the stern, one of the boys was rowing and another was sitting in the bow of the boat. After getting in the middle of the river and finding the current too swift for comfort the boat was rowed in toward shore. During this time it was carried slowly down stream.

The boy doing the rowing decided to go through the locks, and as he approached the dam he was hailed by the lockkeeper and warned not to approach any closer. The warning was not heeded, and the young oarsman kept on rowing until he found that the lock was closed. Then he attempted to turn the boat, which was about fifty feet from the dam and twenty-five feet from shore, but he turned the wrong way.

A moment later the boat was in the swiftly moving current. Realizing their for the first time that they were in danger the girls began screaming, and the oarsman lost control of the boat. Swiftly it was carried toward the brink of the falling waters, and just as it reached the breast of the dam, over which thirty inches of water was passing, the entire party stood up and the boat went over stern first.

The drop to the rocks below is approximately twelve feet. The boat struck the water bottom up, and as it disappeared the whole party was under it. Nothing more was seen by the few persons who witnessed the accident for almost a minute, when the boat reappeared with one boy clinging to its keel. Then a second boy was seen to come to the surface and make a frantic effort to reach shore by swimming. The girls never rose to the surface. The boy who was swimming became exhausted and sank before he could be rescued.

The other boy, who was clinging to the boat, floated fully a half-mile down the river, and his rescuers had an exciting time before they landed him in another boat. He was greatly exhausted and was slightly injured by the falling of the boat.

LYNCHED FOR HORSE STEALING

Old Man, His Three Sons, and Another Man, Hanged by California Mob.

Alturas, Cal.—Calvin Hall and his three sons, Frank, Jim and Martin Hall and Dan V. Yantis, all white men who had been stealing horses near here for years, were arrested a few days ago and were kept under guard by three deputy sheriffs.

A mob of forty masked men took them and hanged them from a bridge near Lookout. The deputies were overpowered and compelled to help the lynchers. The mob dispersed within five minutes after the hanging.

Lookout, the scene of the lynching is in the Hot Springs Valley, on Pitt River, twenty-five miles from Alturas the county seat of Modoc County. The news of the lynching was brought to Alturas by a courier.

The residents of Hot Springs Valley are nearly all cattle raisers.

GRANT SAYS PEACE IS NEAR.

Philippines Now Ready, He Asserts, For Central Government.

Washington, D. C.—General Fred D. Grant, who has just returned from service in the Philippines, stopped in Washington on his way to New York City. The General called on Secretary Root and discussed Philippine affairs with him.

He says the people of the islands now are ready for a central government, established either under civil or military auspices. They are sick of warfare and want peace. The general outlook, General Grant said, is encouraging.

CUBANS ACCEPT TERMS

Platt Amendment Adopted by the Constitutional Convention.

Radicals, After a Hard Fight, Are Beaten by a Vote of 15 to 14—Senator Gomez's Speech.

Havana, Cuba.—The Platt Amendment was accepted by the Cuban Constitutional Convention by a vote of 15 to 14. The actual vote was on accepting the majority report of the Committee on Relations, which embodied the Amendment with explanations of certain clauses.

The radicals made a hard fight at the last moment, and Senores Portuondo, Gomez, and Tamayo bitterly arraigned the Conservatives. Senor Tamayo was particularly vindictive, and declared that everybody who voted in favor of the Platt Amendment was a traitor to his country. The Convention compelled him to retract this statement. On several occasions personal encounters seemed imminent.

Senor Gomez spoke for more than an hour, and his speech undoubtedly won over Senores Castro, Robau and Manduley. He appealed to the patriotism of delegates and rehearsed the long fight for independence, denouncing as perjurers all who favored the Platt Amendment, on the ground that they had sworn to draw up a Constitution for an independent republic. Several Conservatives rose and asked Senor Gomez to retract, but he absolutely refused.

The following delegates voted against the majority report: Gomez, Gener. Portuondo, Lacret, Manduley, Cisneros, Ferrer, Fortun, Robau, E. Tamayo, Silva, Castro, Zayas, and Aleman. Senores Rivera and Bravo were absent.

The Convention will continue its sessions, which will be devoted to drawing up the election law.

La Discusion exclaims, "Now will come immediate independence!"

KILLED TRAIN ROBBERS SUMMARILY

Mexican Soldiers Shoot Down Bandits Caught in the Act of Plundering.

El Paso, Tex.—Swift punishment is being meted out to train robbers in the States of Coahuila and Durango, Mexico. In those States the highway-men became so bold that they would stop Mexican Central freight trains, break open cars and load into their wagons whatever freight they wanted and drive away to the mountains.

Recently the railroad officials appealed to President Diaz for relief and he ordered soldiers to exterminate the robbers. The soldiers were empowered to act as sheriff, judge, jury and executioner. A few days ago, near Yermo, four out of a band of eight robbers were captured while in the act of robbing a freight train. The soldiers, who had been concealed in a freight car to trap the bandits, lined up the prisoners and riddled them with bullets.

BURGLAR KILLS A BOY.

San Francisco Startled by a Crime Committed in Absence of Parents.

San Francisco, Cal.—Since the murder of two young girls by Theodore Durant six years ago, San Francisco has not been startled by a crime so foul as that of the murder of thirteen-year-old Robert Hislop, a high school boy, who was brutally killed at his home, while his parents and his older brother were away. The crime was committed by a burglar, who escaped, but Richard Lutcherd, a butcher and former lodger in the house, was arrested on suspicion.

The police theory is that the burglar awakened the boy, was recognized, and then killed him. Lutcherd is a sullen young fellow with a police record. The police believe he committed the crime.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS' EMBLEM.

Leader Says They Should Cease to Be Hens and Become Eagle Mothers.

Chicago.—The eagle will hereafter be the model and emblem of the American Woman Suffragists. Alice Stone Blackwell, of Boston, daughter of the woman's rights leader, Lucy Stone, in an address to her associates here during a reception to delegates en route to Minneapolis, said:

"Hereafter the American woman must cease to be a hen, which can do no better than cackle and scratch. She must cease to be a mere nightingale, that can only feed her young and warble. She must be the eagle mother, and her slogan must be 'woe betide the male chicken hawks which swoop upon her offspring.'"

MATCH FELL IN LYDDITE SHELL.

Exploded in Commandant Schoeman's House and Killed Three Persons.

Pretoria, South Africa.—A lyddite shell exploded in the house occupied by Boer Commandant Schoeman. Schoeman and his daughter and the father of Commandant Ben Viljoen were killed, and Mrs. Schoeman and another were injured.

The shell had been kept as a curio, the cap having been crewed off. Schoeman after lighting his pipe threw the match away. It fell in the shell and a terrific explosion followed. The house was completely wrecked and windows in other houses for a considerable distance were broken.

Millions Lost in Flood.

Governor Aycock, of North Carolina, says all the lowland crops of the State Penitentiary farm, known as Caledonia, are destroyed by the raging Roanoke River, including 200 acres of wheat. He says the flood damage in the State amounts to millions of dollars.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2½¢ per quart.

BUTTER.
Creamery—West, extra... \$ 18 @ 19
Firsts... 18 @ 18½
Seconds... 16½ @ 17½
State dairy tubs, extra... 18 @ 18
Imitation creamery... 13 @ 17
Factory finest... 11 @ 13½
Lo-7 grades... 11 @ 12

CHEESE.
State—Full cream, fancy... 8½ @ 8½
Small... 9½ @ 9½
Part skims, good to prime... 4½ @ 5½
Full skims... 1½ @ 2

EGGS.
Jersey—Fancy... 14 @ 14½
State and Penn... 14 @ 14½
Western—Choice... 13½ @ 14
Southern—Choice... 12 @ 12½

BEANS AND PEAS.
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900... 2 50 @ 2 52½
Medium... 2 10 @ 2 12½
Pea, choice... 2 00 @ 2 05
Red kidney, choice... 2 00 @ 2 05
White kidney, choice... 2 10 @ 2 15
Yellow eye... 2 @ 2 75
Lima, Cal... 4 25 @ 4 30
Green peas, bags... 1 17½ @ 1 20

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.
Apples, Golden, per bbl... 3 00 @ 3 50
Baldwin, per bbl... 4 00 @ 4 50
Russet, per bbl... 3 50 @ 4 00
Strawberries, per qt... 4 @ 12

LIVE POULTRY.
Fowls, per lb... 1 @ 10
Spring chickens, per lb... 20 @ 24
Roosters, per lb... 1 @ 6
Turkeys, per lb... 8 @ 9
Ducks, per pair... 70 @ 75
Geese, per pair... 90 @ 100
Pigeons, per pair... 25 @ 35

DRESSED POULTRY.
Turkeys, per lb... 7 @ 9
Capons, per lb... 13 @ 16
Fowls, Western, per lb... 7 @ 8½
Broilers, Phila., per lb... 25 @ 35
Ducks, L. I., per lb... 15 @ 16
Geese, per pair... 9½ @ 10
Squabs, per dozen... 1 50 @ 2 50

HOPS.
State, 1900, choice, per lb... 17½ @ 18
1899, prime... 1 @ 14
1899, medium... 8 @ 12
Pacific coast—1900, choice... 1 @ 18
1899, poor to choice... 8 @ 14

HAY AND STRAW.
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb... 1 @ 92½
No. 1, per 100 lb... 87½ @ 90
No. 2, per 100 lb... 82½ @ 85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb... 70 @ 80
Straw, long rye... 95 @ 1 00

VEGETABLES.
Potatoes, Western, per bbl 2 00 @ 2 25
State, per sack... 1 @ 2 00
Sweets, per bbl... 1 50 @ 2 50
Onions—N. O., per bag... 90 @ 1 00
N. O., per bbl... 1 75 @ 3 00
Egyptian, per bag... 1 60 @ 1 75
Cabbages, per bbl... 50 @ 75
Turnips, per 100 bunches... 1 50 @ 2 00
Tomatoes, per carrier... 1 25 @ 2 75
String beans, per crate... 40 @ 75
Egg plant, per box... 1 25 @ 2 50
Peppers, per carrier... 1 00 @ 1 50
Celery, per case... 1 00 @ 1 75
Lettuce, per bbl... 1 00 @ 2 00
Beets, per 100 bunches... 2 00 @ 3 00
Spinach, per bbl... 50 @ 75
Squash, per crate... 50 @ 75
Peas, per basket... 1 @ 1 50
Kale, per bbl... 35 @ 50
Carrots, per 100 bunches... 2 00 @ 4 00
Radishes, per 100 bunches... 50 @ 1 50
Lima beans, per crate... 2 50 @ 3 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches... 1 00 @ 1 50

GRAIN, ETC.
Flour—Winter patents... 3 65 @ 4 00
Spring patents... 4 00 @ 4 25
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth... 82½ @ 83½
No. 2 red... 80 @ 83
Corn—No. 2... 49½ @ 50½
Oats—No. 2 white... 33¼ @ 33½
Track mixed... 32 @ 34
Rye—Western... 60¼ @ 60¾
State... 57 @ 58
Lard, city... 7.80c

LIVE STOCK.
Beeves, city dressed... 7½ @ 9
Calves, city dressed... 6 @ 9
Country dressed... 5 @ 3
Sheep, per 100 lb... 3 25 @ 4 40
Lambs, per 100 lb... 5 00 @ 5 85
Hogs, live, per 100 lb... 5 90 @ 6 30
Country dressed... 6 @ 8½

TOBACCO.
Western tobacco continues firm and unchanged, with a steady demand for both export and home trade. Domestic seed leaf is quiet, with perhaps a little improvement over last week. Demand for Sumatra tobacco is growing steadily, but there is as yet no unusual activity. Havana tobacco is still quiet, with, however, some fairly good sales reported.

STRIKE DISTURBS BUSINESS.

But Its Effects Has Been Reduced to the Minimum.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The labor situation is the cloud hovering over the business world, but the difficulties are not sufficiently widespread at present to seriously interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution."

Bradstreet's says: "The general situation is still largely a favorable one, the primary encouraging feature being the fine outlook for the country's crops. General distribution, retarded hitherto by the backward spring, has been stimulated by warm, sunny weather. Industrial conditions head the list of disturbing features, but confidence in conservative and good counsel is widespread, and the effect upon general business, exerted by the largest number of men idle for several years past, has been apparently minimized."

Baltimore After Mosquitoes.

City Councilman Brown called upon the Health Commissioner of Baltimore, Md., and asked him how the mosquito could be exterminated. He was told that gasoline would destroy the pests. Acting on this information he has prepared an ordinance providing for the dumping of gasoline into the ponds and marshes about the city.

Nebraska State Bank Closed.

The People's State Bank of Gothenburg, Neb., was closed by order of the State Banking Board. The liabilities amount to \$60,000 and loans and discounts exceed \$72,000. The worthless paper carried over from the panic in 1897 caused the failure.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: Duty of the One With a Single Talent — Try to Make an Accurate Estimate of Yourself — The Value of Sympathy.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This is a discourse by Dr. Talmage for those given to depreciate themselves and who have an idea that their best attempts amount to little or nothing; text, Matthew xxv, 15, "To another one."

Expel first from this parable of the talents the word "usury." It ought to have been translated "interest." "Usury" is finding a man in a tight place and compelling him to pay an unreasonable sum to get out. "Interest" is a righteous payment for the use of money. When the capitalist of this parable went off home, he gave to his stewards certain sums of money, wishing to have them profitably invested. Change also your idea as to the value of one talent. You remember the capitalist gave to one of his men for business purposes five talents, to another two, to another one. What a small amount to last, you think, and how could he be expected to do anything with only one talent? I have to tell you that one talent was about \$7200, so that when my text says, "To another one," it implies that those who have the least have much.

We bother ourselves a great deal about those who are highly gifted or have large financial resources or exalted official position or wide reaching opportunity. We are anxious that their wealth, their eloquence, their wit, be employed on the right side. One of them makes a mistake, and we say, "What an awful disaster." When one of them devotes all his great ability to useful purposes, we celebrate it, we enlarge upon it, we speak of it as something for gratitude to God. Meanwhile we give no time at all to consider what people are doing with their one talent, not realizing that ten people of one talent each are quite as important as one man with ten talents. In the one case the advantage or opportunity is concentrated in a single personality, while in another it is divided among ten individuals. Now, what we want to do in this sermon is to waken people of only one talent to appreciation of their duty. Only a few people have five talents or ten talents, while millions have one. My short text is like a galvanic shock, "To another one."

The most difficult thing in the world is to make an accurate estimate of ourselves. Our friends value us too high, our enemies too low. To find out what we are worth morally and mentally is almost impossible. We are apt to measure ourselves by those around us, but this is not fair, as they may be very brilliant or very dull, very good or very bad. Indeed there are no human scales that can tell our exact moral and mental weight, nor is there a standard by which we can measure our exact intellectual height, so the hardest thing to do is to calculate our real stature or height. But it will be no evidence of egotism in any of us if we say that we have at least one talent. What is it and, finding what it is, what use shall we make of it? The most of the people, finding that they have only one talent, do as the man spoken of in the parable, they hide it. But if all of the people who have one talent brought it out for use before this century is half past and correspondents begin to write at the head of their letters 1950, the earth would be one of the outskirts of heaven. I ask you again, What is your one talent?

Is it a cheerful look? Carry that look wherever you go. It must come from a cheerful heart. It is not that inane smile which we sometimes see which is an irritation. In other words, it must be a light within us so bright that it illumines eye, cheek, nostril and mouth. Let ten men who are accustomed to walking a certain street every day resolve upon a cheerful countenance as a result of a cheerful heart, and the influence of such a facial irradiation would be felt not only in that street, but throughout the town. Cheerfulness is catching. But a cheerful look is exceptional. Examine the first twenty faces that you meet going through Pennsylvania avenue or Chestnut street or Broadway or State street or La Salle street or Euclid avenue, and nineteen out of the twenty faces have either an anxious look or a severe look or a depressing look or an avaricious look or a sneering look or a vacant look. Here is a missionary work for those who have trouble. Arm yourself with gospel comfort. Let the God who comforted Mary and Martha at the loss of their brother, the God who soothed Abraham at the loss of Sarah and the God of David, who consoled his bereft spirit at the loss of his boy by saying, "I shall go to him;" the God who filled St. John with docility when an exile on barren Patmos and the God who has given happiness to thousands of the bankrupted and persecuted, filling them with heavenly riches which were more than the earthly advantages that were wiped out—let that God help them. If He takes full possession of your nature, then you will go down the street a benediction to all who see you, and those who are in the tough places of life and are run upon and belied and had their homes destroyed, will say: "If that man can be happy, I can be happy. He has been through troubles as big as mine, and he goes down the street with a face in every lineament of which there are joy and peace and heaven. What am I groaning about? From the same place that man got his cheerfulness I can get mine. 'Why are thou cast down, O my soul, and why art thou disquieted within me? Hope thou in God, for I shall yet praise Him who is the health of my countenance and my God.'"

Again, is your talent that of wit or humor? Use it for God. Much of the world's wit is damaging. Most of satire has a sting in it. Much of caricature is vitriolic. In order to say smart things how many will sacrifice the feelings of others! The sword they carry is keen, and it is employed to thrust and lacerate. But few men in all the world and in all the churches realize that if wit is bestowed it is given them for useful, for improving, for healthful purposes. If we all had more of it and knew how to use it aright, how much it would improve our Christian conversation and prayer meeting talk and sermon! Robert South and Rowland Hill and Jeremy Taylor and Dean Swift and Lorenzo Dow and George Whitefield used their wit and their humor to gather great audiences and then lead them into the kingdom of God. Frivolity is repulsive in religious discussion, but I like the humor of Job when he said to his insolent critics, "No doubt but ye are the people, and wisdom shall die with you," and I like the humor of the prophet Elijah, who told the Baalites to pray louder, as their god was out hunting or on an excursion or in such loud conversation that he could not hear them. I like the sarcasm of Christ when He told the self-righteous Phari-

sees that they were so good they needed no help. "The whole need not a physician, but they that are sick," or when in mirthful hyperbole He arraigns the hypocritical teachers of His day who were so particular about little things and careless about big things, saying, "Ye blind guides that strain at a gnat and swallow a camel," and the Bible is all ablaze with epigram, words surprisingly put and phraseology that must have made the audiences of Paul and Christ nudge each other and exchange glances and smile and then appropriate the tremendous truths of the gospel. There are some evils you can laugh down easier than you can preach down. The question is always being asked, Why do not more people go to church, prayer meeting and other religious meetings? I will tell you. We of the pulpit and the pew are so dull they cannot stand it. But when we ask why people do not go to church we ask a misleading question. More people go now to church than ever in the world's history, and the reason is in all our denominations there is a new race of ministers stepping into the pulpits which are not the apostles of humdrum. Sure enough, we want in the Lord's army the heavy artillery, but we want also more men who, like Burns, a farmer at Gettysburg, took a musket and went out on his own account to do a little shooting different from the other soldiers. The church of God is dying of the proprieties.

Among the 114,000 words of Noah Webster's vocabulary and the thousands of words since then added to our English vocabulary there is one outmastering word the power of which cannot be estimated, and it reaches so far up and so far down, and that is the word "come." It has drawn more people away from the wrong and toward the right than any word I now think of. It has at times crowded all the twelve gates of heaven with fresh arrivals. It will yet rob the path of death of the last pedestrians. It will yet chime so loudly and gladly that all the tolling bells of sorrow will be drowned with the music. It is piled up in the Bible's climax and peroration, "And the spirit and the bride say come, and let him that heareth say come, and let him that thirst come." Have it on the tip of your tongue. Monosyllables are mightier than polysyllables, and that word "come" is the mightiest of monosyllables. Shakespeare says of one of his characters, "She speaks poniards, and every word stabs." We may say of others, they speak words which are of balm and music, are light and life. Master one of those words, harness one of those words, project one of those words, prove the full plenitude and power of one of those words.

David Garrick, the dramatist, said he would give 100 guineas if he could say "oh" as George Whitefield said it. What might we not give if only we could say "come" as Jesus said it? Some one has said that syllables govern the world, and I think that one syllable might save the world. But I cannot particularize. Whatever be your one talent, cultivate it.

Once fully realize that you have something with which to enhance heaven and take hold of the eternities, and it will add a new bank of keys to the music of your soul. You are ordained to some kind of work by the laying on of the hands of the Lord God Almighty.

If you cannot do anything else, go around and feel sorry for somebody. When some one asked, "What is the secret of William Wilberforce's power?" the answer was, "His power of sympathy." And there are 10,000,000 people who have the same qualification if they only knew it.

Sympathy! If you cannot restore the child to that bereft parent or the fortune to that bankrupt financier or health to that confirmed invalid or an honorable name to that wrecked character, you can at least feel sorry for the misfortune or the bereavement or the suffering.

Sympathy! If you have not the means to do anything else, go and sit down and cry with them. That is the way Christ did when He went out to the desolated home in Bethany and the sisters told their sad story. He cried with them. Oh, cultivate that one talent of sympathy!

After the resurrection day and all heaven is made up, resurrected bodies joined to ransomed souls, and the gates which were so long open are shut, there may be some day when all the redeemed may pass in review before the great white throne. If so, I think the hosts passing before the King will move in different divisions. With the first division will pass the mighty ones of earth who were as good and useful as they were great. In this division will pass before the throne all the Martin Luthers, the John Knoxes, the Wesleys, the Richard Cecil, the Miltons, the Chrysostoms, the Herschells, the Lenoxes, the George Peabodys, the Abbott Lawrences and all the consecrated Christian men and women who were great in literature, in law, in medicine, in philosophy, in commerce. Their genius never spoiled them. They were as humble as they were great, and now they are great in heaven. Their surpassing and magnificent talents were all used for the world's betterment. As they pass in review before the King on the great white throne to higher and higher rewards it makes me think of the parable of the talents, "To another ten."

I stand and watch the other divisions as they go by, division after division, until the largest of all the divisions comes in sight. It is a hundred to one, a thousand to one, ten thousand to one, larger than the other divisions. It is made up of men who never did anything but support their families and give whatever of their limited means they could spare for the relief of poverty and sickness and the salvation of the world, mothers who took good care of children by example and precept starting them on the road to heaven, millions of Sabbath-school teachers who sacrificed an afternoon's siesta for the listening class of young immortals, women who declined the making of homes for themselves that they might take care of father and mother in the weaknesses of old age, ministers of the gospel who on niggardly stipend preached in the backwood meeting houses, souls who for long years did nothing but suffer, yet suffered with so much cheerful patience that it became a helpful lesson to all who heard of it; those who served God faithfully all their lives and whose name never but once appeared in print, and that time in the three lines of the death column which some survivor paid for, sailors who perished in the storm while trying to get life line out to the drowning, persecuted and tried souls who endured without complaint malignity and abuse, those who had only ordinary equipment for body and ordinary endowment of intellect, yet devoted all they had to holy purposes and spiritual achievement. As I see this, the largest of all the divisions, from all lands and from all ages, pass in review before the King on the great white throne I am reminded of the wonderful parable of the talents and more especially of my text, "To another one."

New Yorkers will invest in a \$1,000,000 winter resort in the Island of Bermuda.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 9.

Subject: Jesus Appears to Paul, Acts xxii., 6-16 — Golden Text, Acts xxv. 19 — Memory Verses, 6-8 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

6. "As I made my journey." Paul, whose Hebrew name was Saul, was on his way to Damascus, with letters from the high priest granting him authority to arrest the Christians and bring them bound to Jerusalem. "Damascus." The oldest city in the world, situated one hundred and forty miles northeast of Jerusalem. In Paul's time it contained about forty Jewish synagogues, and between 40,000 and 50,000 Jews. At present it is under Turkish rule and has a population of about 150,000, chiefly Mohammedans. "About noon." When the sun was shining so there could be no deception. "A great light." It was "above the brightness of the sun."—Chap. 26: 13. It was in the midst of this glory that Christ was seen by Saul (1 Cor. 15: 8), so that he could enumerate himself among those who had beheld the Lord after His resurrection.

7. "Fell unto the ground." The whole company fell to the earth. Acts 26: 14. "Heard a voice." In the Hebrew tongue. The voice was clear and distinct to Saul, but to those with him it was only a mysterious sound. See on v. 9. "Why persecutest thou Me." Canst thou give any good reason for it? Must I afresh be crucified by thee? Those who persecute the saints, persecute Christ Himself, and He takes what is done against them as done against Himself.

8. "Who art Thou?" Jesus knew Saul before Saul knew Jesus. "Lord." Used to denote respect for some unknown, august person. "I am Jesus." He takes the name which was the object of Jewish hate. The enmity is against Me and My religion. He whom you persecute is the Lord of life and glory; not simply poor fugitive disciples. It was at this point that Jesus said to him, "It is hard for thee to kick against the goad." Acts 26: 14. R. V.

9. "They heard not the voice." We are told by Luke (Acts 9: 7) that those with him heard the voice. What is meant is clearly that they did not hear the words as words—could attach no meaning to the sounds. We say that a person is not heard, or that we do not hear him, when, though we hear his voice, he speaks so low or indistinctly that we do not understand him.

10. "What shall I do?" Where is now the fury of the oppressor? Convinced that he had in reality persecuted Christ the Lord, and that his religious views and character were wrong, and knowing not what the future held in store for him, he submits himself to the will of Him who had arrested him in his blind career; as though he would entreat Him to be his guide and ruler, with the consent that he would be obedient to all His directions. Being all wrong, he must be entirely changed. Who could work this in him, but Him who saw the utter hopelessness of his case without divine help? "Go." Go into Damascus to be instructed by a disciple whose life and happiness you had hoped to destroy. By this Paul would learn that the disciples had that same forgiving spirit that their Master had. This requirement would test Saul's real sincerity and faith; it also gave him something to do. "Which are appointed." Saul was a chosen vessel unto the Lord (Acts 9: 15), and through him the gospel was to be carried to the Gentiles and to kings, as well as to the children of Israel.

11. "Could not see." He was blind for three days (Acts 9: 9), and during that time was so fully absorbed about his spiritual condition that he neither ate nor drank, but spent the time in fasting and praying. Without doubt this was a season of intense inward conflict, alone and in darkness. Could he give up all his ambitious hopes? Could he leave rank, wealth, honor, friends? Could he enter the service of One so despised, and suffer reproach and danger and death? And all for what? Gradually the conflict ceased, and light dawned into his soul. "The blindness of Saul was no doubt mercifully intended by providence to cause him to attend to the great matter of his soul's salvation."

12. "One Ananias." We know nothing about this man except what we find in this verse and in chapter 9: 10-17.

13. "Came unto me." Ananias had received explicit directions in a vision from the Lord. Saul had also seen in a vision a man named Ananias coming in and restoring his sight. "Brother Saul." Knowing to what sacred office the Lord had chosen Saul (verse 15), Ananias felt a respect for him and an interest in his salvation. "Receive thy sight." And immediately there fell from his eyes as it had been scales. This shows that the blindness as well as the cure was supernatural. At this time Saul also received spiritual sight. "Looked up upon him." The verb signifies not merely to look up, but to recover sight; the clause might be translated, I received sight and looked up on him.

14. "Hath chosen thee." "Hath appointed thee." (R. V.) God chose and appointed Saul because Saul had chosen the Lord. Saul might have rejected Christ instead of accepting Him. "Know His will." Was Saul favored above others? No, all who will come to Christ with the whole heart may "know" God's will. "See that Jesus One." Here is conclusive proof that Jesus actually appeared to Saul. 1 Cor. 9: 1; 15: 8. He heard "a voice from his mouth." (R. V.)

15. "His witness." The preaching of the gospel must be backed up by the experience of the preacher in order to be really effective. God's people are a witnessing people. They are ready to testify in behalf of the One who has saved them. "Unto all men." To the Gentile, to governors and kings.

16. "Baptized." He was baptized by Ananias. "Wash away thy sins." In Luke's account before Saul was baptized Ananias said that the Lord had sent him that Saul might receive his sight and "be filled with the Holy Ghost." The baptism or outward washing could not wash away his sins; the spiritual regeneration and the renewing in the Holy Ghost had already taken place before the baptism. Baptism was a public profession of faith in Christ, and in taking this step Saul proved his sincerity, and the settled conviction he had of the truthfulness of Christianity. "Call on the Lord." It is the Lord and the Lord only who can save the soul, and every sinner should call mightily on Him for complete deliverance from all sin. We should trust to no outward ordinance for salvation. I desire to emphasize the fact that at this time the Holy Spirit was given to Saul, through the imposition of the hands of Ananias (9: 17), and, thus qualified and prepared for work, Saul immediately entered the synagogues and "proclaimed Jesus" (9: 20, R. V.) as the Messiah, the Son of God.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

State Aid For Charities.

Twenty-six bills for private charities were reported to the House of the State Legislature from the Appropriation Committee as follows: Pennsylvania Home for Blind, Philadelphia, \$25,000; Evangelical Home for Aged, Philadelphia, \$10,000; Bethesda Home, Pittsburgh, \$5000; Home for Aged, Easton, \$2000; Rush Hospital, Philadelphia, \$10,000; Midnight Mission, Philadelphia, \$2000; Easton Hospital, \$12,000; Children's Aid Society, Philadelphia, \$10,000; Home for Aged, Philadelphia, \$4000; West Philadelphia Hospital for Women, \$2500; Brookville Memorial Home, \$7000; Wagner Free Institute, Philadelphia, \$2000; Lying-In Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, \$15,000; Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia, \$5000; Old Ladies' Home, Philadelphia, \$4000; Home for Friendless, Harrisburg, \$2500; Howard Hospital, Philadelphia, \$5000; Home for Aged Veterans, Philadelphia, \$6000; Union Home for Old Ladies, Philadelphia, \$4000; Home for Widows, Lebanon, \$2000; Children's Aid Society, Pittsburgh, \$10,000; expenses of election contest of A. H. Squier, Wyoming, \$2500; Home for Infants, Philadelphia, \$4000; Orphans' School Commission, \$386,200; Asylum for Indigent Widows, Philadelphia, \$5000; Colony Farm for Epileptics, \$10,000.

Married by Woman Minister.

The first marriage performed in this State by a woman minister of the United Brethren Church was solemnized by Rev. Mrs. Mary Funk, wife of Rev. A. L. Funk, of the East Pittsburgh United Brethren Church. The marriage was that of Miss Laura C. Steiner, daughter of Mrs. Flora Steiner, of Turtle Creek, and William F. McNelly, of Arona, a superintendent at the Westinghouse works. The wedding was at the bride's home. Mrs. Funk is an ordained minister, licensed sixteen years ago in California, having graduated from a theological seminary and from Oberlin University, Ohio.

State Oleomargarine Law.

Governor Stone has signed the Snyder-Harris Oleomargarine Restriction bill. The new law regulates the manufacture and sale of butterine and similar products, forbids oleomargarine from being colored, prevents dealers from selling oleomargarine for butter and makes it compulsory upon each dealer to secure a permit from the Agricultural Department before handling oleomargarine.

Biggest Baby in the World.

The village of Atlantic, in Crawford County, has the largest baby of her age in the world. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Minnis, who are rather below the average in height and weight. She is but eight months old; her bust measures thirty-one inches and she weighs fifty-one and a half pounds. She is perfectly healthy, and has never partaken of any solid food.

Hailstones Big as Eggs.

A destructive hailstorm passed over Montour County a few days ago, being particularly severe in the vicinity of Maudsley and Exchange. The hailstones varied from the size of a hickory nut to a hen's egg, and covered the ground to a depth of two inches. Farmers in the vicinity report their fruit and grain as being entirely destroyed.

Wildcat Nearly Kills Little Boy.

Four-year-old Peter Conway, of Plains, was in the yard feeding chickens when a wildcat darted from under the barn, sprang at the boy's face, knocked him down and bit him savagely in both arms and the left leg, stripping off strings of flesh with its claws. The boy's grandmother drove the cat off with a club.

Burglars Carry Off a Safe.

Four burglars entered the butcher shop of John Baithaser, at Ephrata, and lifted his 500-pound safe through a window, to and over a picket fence 100 feet away, and then hauled it on a wheelbarrow to a quarry a quarter of a mile distant, where they battered it open with sledges. They got \$148.

Cumberland a Bankruptcy District.

Judge Archbald, of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, has created Cumberland County a separate bankruptcy district, and has appointed William W. Fletcher, of Carlisle, referee.

Rural Free Delivery in Lawrence.

Four additional rural free delivery routes have been ordered established at New Castle, Lawrence County, July 1, with Charles O'Brien, Thomas Maitland, W. J. Patterson and J. D. Harvey as carriers.

All Through the State.

Citizens of East Coventry have organized a Farmers' Union.

Excavation has been begun for the new Lutheran Church at Bowers.

Governor Stone has fixed July 23 for the execution of Elmer E. Baner, at Harrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Miller, of Paxinos, have just celebrated their golden wedding anniversary.

After an idleness of a year the Continental Iron Works, at Whealland, has resumed operations.

Brooding over financial troubles Enos Minney, of Manor Township, Lancaster County, hanged himself.

The Delmont National Bank, with a capital of \$25,000, has been authorized to begin business at New Salem.

Media's free library is to get the \$235 surplus from the fund for the semi-centennial celebration of last year.

Many horses in and around Birchrunville and Lionville are affected by a disease that affects the throat, head and spine.

A MATHEMATICAL PRODIGY.

Wonderful Feats Attributed to an Indiana Man.

The claim is now made that Arthur Griffith, the Indiana mathematical prodigy, excels in his work Buxton, the Englishman. Griffith now has eight different methods of his own for addition, 10 for division, and 64 for multiplication. He can take any number, it is said, between 970 and 1000, and raise it to the fifth power in 39 seconds without the use of either pencil or paper.

Griffith can add mentally three columns at a time, it is asserted; divide any set of figures or multiply any set of figures in from one to 40 seconds and extract square and cube roots in from three to 15 seconds. He remembers every problem that he works. The hardest test which he has yet been given, so he claims, is to stand and see a freight train pass with 20 or 30 cars, and then tell the number of each car in their order and specify to what road each belonged.

Besides being a wonder in mathematics, Griffith is fairly well educated in the common school studies. He can read, write, and spell, and can carry on an intelligent and interesting conversation. He knows the name and length of every railroad in the country, and besides being about 40 percent ahead of Buxton in the line of mathematics he is at least 90 percent ahead of him in other studies.

In Case of Fire.

When settled in a new home, hotel or office building, familiarize yourself with the location of all natural means of escape—stairways, windows, fire escape, roof exit, etc. Should you hear a cry of fire and suddenly find your room or office filling with smoke, keep cool and try to recollect the means of exit. Keep all doors shut, and open the windows from the top; to do this, if the room is full of smoke, crawl on the floor; the clearest air is the lowest in the room. Wet a towel and place it in your mouth, breathe through it instead of through the nose, so as not to inhale smoke. Stand at the window and get the benefit of the outside air.

Do not jump unless the blaze is scorching you and do not even then if assistance is close. In large buildings fire always goes to the top, therefore never go to the roof unless as a last resort, and you know there is escape from it to adjoining buildings. Never jump through flame without first gauging the distance and covering your head with a blanket or woolen wrap, wet if possible. Above all, don't get excited and don't jump if there are firemen in sight.

If your clothing gets on fire don't run; lie down and roll on the carpet or wrap yourself in a blanket and keep your head down so as not to inhale flame.—American Queen.

A Bacterial Light.

Those versed in the science of illumination know that the problem that lies waiting for solution is the production of light without heat, only some 3 percent of the total energy employed in the production of light by artificial means being available, the balance being wasted in the form of heat.

If the truth were known, it would be found that the glow worm has for some time superseded the frog as an object of scientific attention, for in the rays emitted by this insect we find light in its purest form.

The French scientific organ, La Nature, reproduces in its current issue the first photograph ever taken by a bacterial lamp, and gives a picture of Claude Bernard secured by these novel means. A number of lamps were required for the exposure, which lasted some hours, showing the light to be very poor in chemical rays, while heat rays were totally absent. The light itself, it is stated, is most agreeable, soft and suffusive, and pleasant to the eye. Its duration depends upon the life of the bacteria, which continues for weeks, according to the conditions. The experiments were conducted at the Marine Laboratory of Biology, Lyons.—London Express.

Moving a Mountain.

Faith may not move a mountain, but science can, as some engineers in Costa Rica have just shown. The railway from San Jose to the Pacific coasts runs along a ledge on the side of a mountain above the River Reventa. The soil is a bluish clay, which turns into mud during the rainy season, and the track was washed away so often that gangs of men had to be constantly at work repairing the road. To remedy the trouble the engineers determined to remove that part of the mountain over which the tracks ran, and this they have done by the use of the hydraulic giant, a machine that throws a stream of water with tremendous force. The same machine is used in mining operations out West, and the impact of the stream of water is as powerful as that of heavy artillery, and more effective, for it is continuous.

One of the reckless extravagances of the Maharajah of Bhurtpore, who was recently deposed by the government of India, was the purchase of a silver coach costing \$50,000.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning June 9.—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—How to enter Christ's family.—Math. xii, 46-50.

That we may enter Christ's family is the glorious revelation of the word of God. The family of Christ is the family of God, and God has repeatedly promised in His word that He will be the Father of His people and that they shall be His children. Paul declares that "the Spirit itself beareth witness with our spirits that we are the children of God." Christ in this passage, stretching forth His hand to His disciples, said, "Behold My mother and My brethren." The disciples of Christ are His spiritual relatives, and this is even a clearer and a stronger tie than the ties of nature which bind men together in this life.

Membership in the family of Christ is the result of discipleship. The disciple is one who is taught of Christ and who follows His teaching. The disciple hears from Christ the will of God and does it. This brings him into the family of Christ, "for whosoever shall do the will of My Father which is in heaven, the same is My brother and sister and mother." The hearing of God's will from Christ does not bring us into relationship with Christ, nor does professing to do the will of God accomplish this blessed result. It is the doing alone that admits us into the family of God. "Ye are My friends if ye do whatsoever I command you." By believing in Christ and doing the will of God because of our faith in Christ, we are adopted into the family of God, the most desirable and blessed relationship possible in this life.

Membership in the family of Christ brings to us all the privileges of the children of God. By this relationship we become children of God, "and if children, then heirs, heirs of God and joint heirs with Christ." Adopted into the family of God, we enjoy the right to all the privileges of the sons of God. We derive the divine nature, bear the divine image, receive the Father's name, and are the special objects of His love and care, and God Himself makes provision for us both for this life and the life to come.

Membership in the family of Christ brings with it a great responsibility. Great privileges are always accompanied by great responsibilities. The children of a king have great privileges, but also great responsibilities. The king's honor, the king's name must be kept unsullied by them. Much more is this true of the children of the King of kings. The children of God must say nothing, must do nothing that will bring their Father's name into disrepute or cast reflection upon His cause. Let us meet this great responsibility not in our own strength, but in the strength of our Father and our elder Brother, for thus only can we be kept faithful.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have a voluntary service in which each one participates as led by the Spirit.

BIBLE READINGS.

John I, 11-13; xx, 11-17; Rom. viii, 14-17; II Cor. vi, 14-18; Gal. iv, 1-7; Eph. i, 3-6; Heb. xii, 1-10; Jas. i, 17, 18; I John iii, 1-3; v, 1-3; Rev. xxi, 1-3.

Humiliation.

If we cannot at need even humiliate ourselves to win our brother, it is difficult to see where our religion comes in, especially when we think what humiliation Christ suffered that He might reconcile us to God and make us friends again with our heavenly Father and renew our broken love. Whatever be our faith and works and however correct be our creed and conduct, if we are giving place to anger, if we are stiffening ourselves in strife and disdain, we are none of His, who was meek and lowly of heart. Misunderstandings and estrangements will arise, occasions will come when it seems as if not even love and forbearance can avoid a quarrel, but surely Christ has died in vain if His grace cannot save us from continuance of strife.—Hugh Black.

The Power of Conscience.

A man strives to know the everlasting right, to keep a conscience void of all offense. His inward eye is pure and single; all is true to the eternal right. His moral powers continually expand, and by so much more does he hold communion with his God. As far as it can see his finite conscience reads in the book the eternal right of God. A man's power of conscience is the measure of his moral communion with the Infinite.—Theodore Parker.

Moral Progress.

He who asks of life nothing but the improvement of his own nature and a continual moral progress toward inward contentment and religious submission is less liable than any other to miss and waste his life.—Christian Work.

True to Your Present Faith.

No man can ever go forward to a higher belief until he is true to the faith which he already holds. Be the noblest man that your present faith, poor and weak and imperfect as it is, can make you be. Live up to your present growth, your present faith.—Phillips Brooks.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning June 9, "How to Enter Christ's Family"—Text, Math. xii, 46-50.

"Whosoever shall do the will of My Father which is in heaven."

Ties of kinship do not always secure likeness in nature or friendship. The most nearly related by blood and lineage not infrequently differ widely in views and purposes. Strangers sometimes are more friendly than relatives. Christianity is more than clanishness and rests on surer foundations than common ancestry and name. The firmest fellowship of earth are those which arise from oneness of opinions, desires and choice. So long as people believe alike they will associate as friends. So long as they have desires in common they will sympathize together. So long as there is a single aim they will walk and live in harmony, defend one another, give and take as members of one true family.

On Children's day much stress will be laid on the value of Christian education and the influence of our institutions of learning. All this is beneficial.

Little children will be dedicated to God in baptism. All this is very appropriate.

But underlying all this is the true nature of the Christian family, the Christ spirit. It should never be lost to sight that no culture of mind, no grace of manners or beauty of feature and form can for an instant supply the place of the true Christian character which resides deep in soul life and constitutes nobility and oneness with the family of Christ.

Not birth, not desires, however strong, not even resolutions of the brightest, can entitle one to membership in the circle of Christ. Not baptism in the most orthodox of denominations, with water from the river Jordan, administered by most eloquent and devout of ecclesiastics, opens the door to the house of God and admits to fellowship with Jesus.

"Whosoever shall do the will of My Father which is in heaven the same is My brother and sister and mother" clearly shows the terms on which we can enter the inner company of familiar friends. "Not he that nameth the name, but he that doeth the will."

It is in active use of all our powers in the way to help our fellow men and please God that we enter the realm of the heavenly realities. It is here and now that heaven abides and God is. The Master made no promise or prophecy of honors after death and rewards to those to whom He was at this time speaking. It was a present day fellowship and an existing family relation. We are now brothers of Jesus Christ and sons of the Almighty if we do the will of the Father. The future may hold in store for us deeper knowledge, higher attainments, but no new doorway to the presence of the Lord, no friendship or fellowship different in kind from that we now have, we who have received the first fruits of the Spirit and whose wills are one with the divine will.

This lesson needs particular emphasis at the present time. Forms of service and outward ceremonies, however aesthetic or ecstatic, can never be substituted for humble heart allegiance and faithful obedience to duty. If you wish to belong to God's family, do God's will. That key unlocks heaven.

The Value of Temptation.

Temptation tests and proves us. If our hearts are fully set to obey God, it will but drive us closer to Him, and He is faithful and will not suffer us to be tempted above that we are able, but will, with the temptation, also make a way of escape. As we put forth our strength to resist He will energize us and help us to come off conquerors. When we fall, it is commonly because of a divided heart. Our purpose to follow God is lacking in integrity or wholeness.—Lutheran Observer.

The Sweetest Revenge.

The sweetest revenge you can take is to prove that your enemy was mistaken in judging you harshly. Do him a service, though he has done you an injury, thus killing a foe by making him a friend. It is a hard lesson to learn, but it is worth learning.—Rev. George H. Hepworth.

The Stray Lamb.

Out in the night the lamb that wandered wide
Heard faint and far the Shepherd's loving cry;
In the gray dawn upon the bleak hillside
He found it, like to die.

"Did He at all reproach thee, little lamb,
That thou hadst brought Him such a weary way?"

"Nay; He caressed me, but I know I am
No more to go astray."

"For up the steep ways where my feet would slip
He bore me clinging carefully, and yet
Each rock He touched with foot or firm hand grip
With His warm blood was wet."

"And, though He smiled and said no word of blame,
That blood reproached me all the way we went;
'Twas shed because I wandered, and with shame
I do indeed repent."

—Katherine A. Brock.

Resisting Little Temptations.

It is while you are patiently toiling at the little tasks of life that the meaning and shape of the great whole of life dawn upon you; it is while you are resisting little temptations that you are growing strong.—Phillips Brooks.

Dress Your Boy Well

You are proud of that boy of yours. Every boy should be the pride of his parents. He should be dressed so that he will feel the equal of any of the boys he associates with. Let us fit him out this spring. We will make him one of the best dressed boys in town. The elegance and taste represented in our juvenile clothing must be seen to be appreciated.

The Vest Suits, ages 3 to 8 years, made from rich effects in handsome Worsteds, Cheviots, Serges and Flannels are very cute. For comfort and style combined the Russian Blouse is very well. For larger boys we have two and three piece and long trouser suits, more attractive than ever before. We can sell you a boy's suit as low as 98 cents or as high as \$15.00, or stop at any point between where the price pleases you.

A bag of Marbles given purchasers of Children's Goods.

Silverware Stamps with all purchases.

HUGO MAYER'S Golden Eagle Clothing Hall,
Cor. 4th & Penn Sts. Huntingdon, Pa.

P. S.—We just got in our line of Children's Wash Suits. There are some beauties among them. Prices range from 50 cents to \$2.00.

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Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c. per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

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Advice to President Schwab.

From Commerce, Accounts and Finance.

Our enterprising fellow countryman Charles M. Schwab has had his salary raised. He has gone to work for the United States Steel Corporation in the capacity of president, and will receive about \$15,386.54 every Saturday night, provided, of course, that his employers pay their help weekly. Mr. Schwab is but thirty-nine years old, and "Commerce, Accounts and Finance," with its customary interest in ambitious young men, takes this opportunity to offer him a few words of advice.

In the first place, Mr. Schwab should realize that he has now a good steady job at fair wages, and must do his best to keep it. He should avoid being late at the works in the morning, and should never run the risk of being docked. To be docked a day's pay would mean a loss of over \$2,500, and that would go a good way toward paying the grocery bill. He should not take more than an hour's nooning and should be respectful to the directors when they speak to him. If he feels that his salary is low for the amount of work done, he should remember that it is customary to begin rather low and work up and when he knows more about the business he can ask for a "raise." Besides, salary isn't the only thing.

Be economical, Mr. Schwab. So many young men nowadays live beyond their means. Don't pay too much house rent. The rule which says that a man's rent should never exceed one-fourth of his salary is a good one. You should be able to hire a nice, comfortable house for \$200,000 a year and the water rate. Perhaps you can do even better than this in your town, where rents are in all probability low. The building and loan associations are helps to young men who wish to own their own houses. Don't build too expensive a house, however.

Live well, but not luxuriously. Have plenty of plain, wholesome food, and not many expensive puddings and desserts. A soup or stew, followed by a baked Indian pudding or cornmeal mush, makes a good dinner. Don't have too much company, and use lamps instead of gas for lighting purposes. Pay your bills weekly, and don't buy goods on the installment plan. It would not look well in case the directors of the steel company were calling at your house to have the furniture people come and carry off the plush parlor set for non-payment.

Your new position will naturally call for increased social obligations, and you should meet all of them cheerfully. Mrs. Schwab should keep a servant. For a few hundred dollars a week one of the Pittsburgh girls would no doubt be willing to come in and do housework. Buy a good black suit for best, and see that Mrs. Schwab has at least one calling dress and a Sunday gown and bonnet.

But above all save money. Russel Sage recently said that a young man should save a quarter of each dollar he earned. If you did this you would have at the end of a year \$200,000 put by for a rainy day. In a few

years you would thus be able to stand quite a spell of wet weather.

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